W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

FOR THAT
"After the Ball" Feeling
JONES'
BEEF, IRON AND WINE.
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1893 No. 293

XMAS PRESENTS.

Davidson Bros., The Jewellers,
....ARE RUNNING OFF....
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry Silverware and Novelties at immense reductions for Cash.
SELECT YOUR PRESENTS EARLY, BEFORE THE RUSH BEGINS.

Sermonette
On Christmas Presents
IF you have a Father,
a Brother,
or a Husband,
What is more suitable for a Christmas present than a nice pair of SLIPPERS. We have THE stock of fine Slippers
In Plush,
Patent Leather,
And Embroidered Velvet.
SEE OUR GOVERNMENT ST. WINDOW.
A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

IT IS A MISTAKE
To suppose that you can do as well purchasing from one store as another. There is quite a difference in prices and there is a bigger difference in the stocks carried by different clothing houses.
We handle Clothing in larger quantities than any other stores. Consequently buy cheaper, and have a better selection. Although trade is dull we have sold more Clothing this year than ever before. Why? Because---
OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST
OUR GOODS THE BEST
OUR PRICES THE LOWEST
Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

1
Day only remains of the Westside's great Unreserved Sale with
20 per cent.
Off for Cash.
This discount applies to the entire stock.
J. Hutcheson & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A mother's help. Apply to Mrs. Andrew, Garbally Road. d14-3

DR. LEITCH.
Office and Residence, 129 Quadra street, telephone 181.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Rachael Clayton, carrying on business as a general merchant, under the name and style of Mrs. F. H. Clayton, at Esquimalt, B.C., has by deed dated the 13th day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all her real and personal property unto Thomas Henry Allice, of Victoria, B. C., merchant, in trust for the benefit of her creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignee on the 13th December, 1893.
Dated this 14th December, 1893.
SCHULTZ & MORPHY,
dec14-5t Solicitors for Assignee.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Y. L. I.
Charity Concert
—IN THE—
INSTITUTE HALL,
VIEW STREET,
TO-NIGHT,
Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m.
For the Benefit of the Poor and Needy
Admission 50 cents. Doors open at 7:30 p.m.
d11-4t

Atlantic Steamship Agency
CHEAP RATES
To or From all European and Foreign Ports
LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.
(From Halifax.)
Allan Line, Numidian.....Dec. 23
Allan Line, Laurentian.....Jan. 6
Dominion Line, Labrador.....Dec. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver.....Dec. 30
(From New York.)
Cunard Line, Etruria.....Dec. 16
Cunard Line, Campania.....Dec. 23
White Star Line, Teutonic.....Dec. 20
White Star Line, Adriatic.....Dec. 27
American Line, New York.....Dec. 13
American Line, Paris.....Dec. 20
N. Ger. Lloyd, Havel.....Dec. 19
Anchor, Ethiopia.....Dec. 16
Red Star, Waesland.....Dec. 20
Allan State Line, Nebraska.....Dec. 21
For cheap rates and all other information apply to
GEO L. COURTNEY,
General Agent.

FOR SALE
6 Lots--2 Corners
ONE ACRE
The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.
THREE LOTS
Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.
J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Importers of German Toys.
Russell & McDonald.

Found Dead in Bed.

Woonsocket, R. I., Dec. 14.—Vicar-General Michael McCabe, of the Providence Roman Catholic diocese, pastor of St. Charles church, Woonsocket, was found dead in his bed this morning. He was in the street last evening apparently in good health. Heart disease was probably the cause. He was 67.

Express Wagons and Doll Carriages
At Russell & McDonald's.

Buffalo's Big Blaze.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 14.—The Arcade and Yerxa blocks were burned this morning. They were on Main street extending back to Washington. A number of occupants were burned out. Among the places of business in the blocks were Robinson's Musee theatre, Shea's concert hall and a number of business firms. Firemen on the buildings are missing and it is believed they have perished. The fire was caused by the explosion of natural gas under the boilers in the Arcade building. The loss is estimated at $1,500,000.

Fancy Cups, Saucers and Mugs.
At Russell & McDonald's.

AVOWED ASSASSINS

The British Government Interrogated To-Day

BY HERBERT KNATCHBUDL HUGESSEN

As to Whether Anarchists Expelled From France

Will be Allowed to Land in England—Also if a Measure Preventing Their Landing Will be Prepared—Home Secretary Asquith Replies They Cannot be Stopped.

London, Dec. 14.—In the House of Commons to-day Herbert Knatchbull Hugessen, independent Conservative member for the northeast division of Kent, asked the government whether anarchists expelled from France were to be allowed to come to England. If they could not lawfully be prevented from landing under the present laws would the government bring in a measure to save the country from becoming a refuge for avowed advocates of assassination. Mr. Asquith, home secretary, replied that the existing laws did not provide for the prevention of anarchists landing in England. He also said that the government was not prepared to alter laws.

Abandoned in the Desert.

Missoula, Mont., Dec. 14.—Ben Keeley, the trapper who assisted the Carlin party to escape from the Clear Water country, was in Missoula yesterday. He says the abandonment of Colgate was a cowardly desertion. It is alleged that Colgate was unable to keep up with the rest of the party, but was still walking when it was decided to leave him. Keeley says he wished to leave some of the provisions with the young man, but claims that young Carlin would not let him, saying they had not enough for themselves.

An Advocate of Vivisection.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 14.—Members-elect of the Ohio general assembly have received copies of a circular letter from Dr. J. S. Pyle of Canton, Ohio, urging the enactment of a law appropriating condemned criminals for medical research. He would have them placed under the influence of opiates that their brains may be laid bare for study and examination in the living form by physiologists and then painlessly killed by opiates.

Gored by a Cow.

Lima, Peru, Dec. 14.—The British minister here, Col. Sir Charles Mansfield, while returning from the cricket field on Tuesday morning, was attacked in the Alameda by a furious cow and was seriously wounded in the body and head. He lies in the hospital today receiving the best medical attendance and nursing the city can afford. He was put under chloroform last night and an operation performed to remove pieces of the skull which had been crushed in. His condition is considered serious.

Canadian Exports.

London, Dec. 14.—The exports from Great Britain to Canada declined 26 per cent. during November, but increased 0.16 per cent. for the eleven months of the year. The imports from Canada decreased 13 per cent. for November, and the eleven months' imports of cows decreased from 118,000 pounds to 28,000 pounds; wheat and flour from 2,000,000 pounds to 1,400,000 pounds; wheat from 3,500,000 to 2,800,0000.

The Queen's Health.

London, Dec. 14.—The Prince and Princess of Wales returned to Marlborough House yesterday afternoon after a stay of several weeks at Sandringham. This morning, accompanied by the Duke and Duchess of York and the Princesses Victoria and Maud of Wales, they left by special train on the Great Western railway for Windsor, on a visit to the Queen. It is said their sudden trip was prompted by a telegram from the castle, and rumors are afloat that Her Majesty's health is anything but satisfactory to her medical attendants, and that of late she has given indications of extreme mental depression. According to the plans of the royal household the venerable sovereign will leave for Balmoral next Tuesday for the Christmas holidays, in accordance with the time-honored custom, the court having spent every Christmas in the Highlands for over twenty years. It is known that efforts have been made to persuade the Queen to change her plans in view of the inclement weather that now prevails in Scotland, but Her Majesty will brook no opposition when she has made up her mind.

Arms for Cuba.

City of Mexico, Dec. 14.—It is suspected that arms are being smuggled from the Gulf coast to Cuba, evading the vigilance of the American authorities by making shipments via Mexico.

A Dashing Member of Society.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 14.—Albert E. Voorhees, Jr., clerk of the office of the state health board, has been found to be an embezzler. Investigations already show that he has stolen between $1,000 and $10,000. Voorhees was a dashing handsome society young man, son of Judge Voorhees, who sat in the supreme court of the state, and more recently on the district bench. He began some time ago "playing" the races and had wonderful luck. Eventually he met with losses and two weeks ago wrote a confession of his embezzlement and left for Central America.

Death of a Moonshiner.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Dec. 14.—Lewis Davis, a Lincoln county moonshiner, who was being chased by excise officers, fled into his house and barricaded the doors. The officers broke down the doors and forced an entrance. When Davis escaped by a rear door he was ordered to surrender, but began shooting at the officers, who in turn fired, killing him instantly.

LIBERALS VICTORIOUS.

Prince Edward Islanders Sustain the Party of Progress.

Ottawa, Dec. 14.—The latest returns from Prince Edward Island show that at the general provincial election yesterday the Liberals were returned by a large majority, although their leader, Peters, was defeated by the leader of the opposition. The Liberal government will therefore remain in office.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Dec. 14.—The government of Premier Peters was sustained at the polls yesterday. The majority in the next house for the Liberals will be 20. Only five Conservatives were returned, minus their leader, Mr. Bentley, who was defeated.

Perishing Amidst Plenty.

Montreal, Dec. 14.—Officials of the city health department occasionally come across real misery, especially in winter. Sergt. Cardinal in his round of visits yesterday found a woman with a three-year-old child without ether food or fuel. She was also confined at the same time, but the newly-born infant perished within two hours. A physician was called in, but his efforts were of no avail. The officer called in some neighbors, who provided both food and heat for the unfortunate woman. The sergeant also found in another house a woman lying on a pile of rags, dying of starvation in one room, and in another room a woman in a similar condition.

At a Ripe Old Age.

Montreal, Dec. 14.—George Wilson, a well-known boot and shoe merchant, died suddenly last evening at his store on Notre Dame street. He was seen to fall heavily to the floor. Death is supposed to have been caused by syncope of the head, but an inquest will be held. Mr. Wilson was one of the best known men on Notre Dame street, having been in business there over 30 years. He was 74 and leaves four daughters, Mrs. James Witham, Mrs. A. W. Birnie, Mrs. J. E. Buchanan of Montreal and Mrs. C. J. Alloway of Minneapolis, Minn. He was a member of the Irish Protestant Benevolent society and a prominent Free Mason, being a member of St. Lawrence lodge, No. 640, A. F. & A. M. The funeral will take place on Saturday.

The County of Vancouver.

Vancouver, Dec. 14.—J. D. Byrne has received the appointment as special administrator for the newly-formed county of Vancouver.

FRIENDS OF MELLO

Protest Against Fitting Out of Warships for Brazil.

New York, Dec. 14.—Ruy Barbos, Admiral Mello's representative on land, telegraphs from Buenos Ayres as follows: "Do not believe the official Brazilian news assuring you that Admiral da Gama has issued a monarchical manifesto. Remember the report sent you about Admiral Mello favoring the placing of a son of Count d'Eu on the throne of Brazil. It is the same fiction in both cases."

New York, Dec. 14.—Certain prominent and wealthy Brazilians living in or near this city, who favor the cause represented by Mello in the combat now being waged in the South American republican, have united to obtain redress against the persons who have fitted out warships in this port and dispatched them to Brazil in the interest of Peixoto. This syndicate of Brazilians also propose to retrain, if possible, the arming of other ships for this purpose in the ports of the United States. They assert that the United States government, in allowing such ships to be fitted out here has violated the law of nations and rendered itself liable to enormous damages. The spectacle of a neutral power permitting interested individuals to prepare a hostile fleet in its own waters is claimed to be unprecedented, and in violation of the statutes. It was impossible yesterday to ascertain the names of these gentlemen, but they are seven in number and they will test the soundness of their contention in the courts. Isaac Angel, a lawyer of high standing, as well as large experience in the United States courts, has been retained to prosecute the suits contemplated.

Royalty and Is Grippe.

London, Dec. 14.—The Princess of Wales is suffering from influenza. She is at Sandringham house, and is making good progress toward recovery.

The Test Was Satisfactory.

New York, Dec. 14.—Cruiser New York returned from a 48 hours' run to sea for the purpose of testing her engines and the settings of her guns, etc., this morning. The vessel acted admirably; the test was in every way satisfactory. The officers and crew were also thoroughly inspected in their duties and acquitted themselves well. During the trip Cadet Edward Moses was slightly scalded by a pump blowing out. Burius, a machinist, fell from the captain's bridge and had his back injured. During the firing of the guns Cadet Williams accidentally smashed one of the turrets.

Behavior of Barnardo Boys.

London, Dec. 14.—Dr. Barnardo is sending vigorous protests to the press against reports cabled from Canada and appearing in the Canadian press reflecting on the boys sent out from his homes. He deals specially with the recent statement in a Toronto paper alleging the murder in Manitoba had been committed by a Barnardo boy, when the boy concerned never was an inmate of any of the Barnardo homes. The doctor repeats that less than 2 per cent. of his young emigrants have proved failures, and only a fraction of one per cent. have joined the vicious or criminal population of Canada. The Canadian Gazette in an editorial urges that the government ought to take steps to thoroughly investigate the whole question and definitely ascertain whether the charges brought against this class of emigrants are well founded.

JUSTICE SATISFIED

Luckey, the New Bliss Murderer, Pays the Penalty

ON THE SCAFFOLD THIS MORNING

Of the Diabolical Butchery Committed Last Year.

He Passes a Calm Night—Marches to His Death With Firm Tread—Protests His Innocence Before God and Man—Forgives Hangman Radcliffe—Death is Instantaneous.

Brockville, Ont., Dec. 14.—For the awful crime committed near the quiet little hamlet of New Bliss, about sixteen miles from Brockville, on the afternoon of Saturday, Oct. 2nd, 1892, whereby three members of the unfortunate Luckey family, father, mother and daughter, lost their lives, Charles Sanford Luckey, the murderer, paid the penalty in the jail yard here at 8 this morning, in the presence of about 50 spectators, principally newspaper men. Luckey retired last night at 6:30 and slept soundly until about 4 this morning, when he was awakened by Jailer McDougall. Only once did he awaken, about 11 o'clock, when he immediately went to sleep again. The prisoner was very composed, quietly dressed himself and partook of a light breakfast, after which he spent an hour with Rev. Dr. Saunders, his spiritual adviser.

At exactly three minutes to 8 the procession, headed by the deputy sheriff, left the jail corridor and entering the court yard made its way solemnly to where the scaffold had been erected. Radcliffe, the executioner, after placing the murderer directly under the noose, grasped Luckey's hands. Luckey returned the grasp heartily and in a low tone said:

"I forgive you, Radcliffe, and I am an innocent man."

There was apparently not a tremor in either of the men, and not another word was spoken by the prisoner. While Dr. Saunders repeated the Lord's prayer the drop was sprung and Luckey's body shot into the air. The clock on the court house had just struck the hour of 8 as the drop fell. There was a convulsive twitching of the body for a few seconds and then it straightened out and hung rigid. The body was cut down by Radcliffe at 8:25. The neck was dislocated, and when the black cap was removed the features of the dead man were almost the same as when he faced the crowd.

Luckey proclaimed his innocence to the last. When leaving his cell this morning it is reported that he said to those within hearing that he was innocent of the crime before God and man. The body will be interred within the jail walls.

Chris Evans Found Guilty.

Fresno, Cal., Dec. 14.—The jury in the case of the outlaw Chris Evans, charged with the murder of United States Deputy Marshal McGinnis, at Sampson's Flat, disagreed this morning after being out 16 hours. The judge refused to discharge them and sent them back. About half an hour later they returned with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, fixing the penalty of imprisonment for life.

Killed in Self-Defence.

San Francisco, Dec. 14.—Jack Welsh, a sailor, was fatally stabbed by Thomas D. Papadacos, a Greek candy peddler, last evening. Papadacos when arrested acknowledged the crime, but claimed it was done in self-defence, Welch and several other men have brutally attacked him on his way home, knocking him down and endeavoring to steal his candy. The dead man was stabbed to the heart with the small blade of a clasp knife.

Died Without Flinching.

Smithport, Pa., Dec. 14.—Ralph Crossmier was hanged here this morning for the murder of his mother, Lucetta Crossmier, about a year ago. He walked firmly to the scaffold and met his fate without flinching. Just before the drop fell Crossmier said: "I forgive all who have sinned against me."

Hurrying Out of Port

San Francisco, Dec. 14.—Sealers are making haste to have all their vessels cleared before January 1st. It is generally believed that after New Year's day no clearance papers will be allowed to sealers.

Imperial Federation.

London, Dec. 14.—Rt. Hon. Sir John Lubbock, Bart., F. R. S., member of the House of Commons for London University, president of the London branch of the Imperial Federation League, to promote union in the empire for defence and commercial union, as nearly as it is practicable on the basis of free trade throughout the empire, the first aim to be the establishment of periodical conferences of the empire.

Steamers Withdrawn From Service.

San Francisco, Dec. 14.—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company announced today that on Monday next it will withdraw the following steamers from service: Alexander Duncan, Yaquina, Santa Cruz, Coos Bay, Alki, Queen, and probably the City of Puebla, because of dull trade. This will throw 400 men out of employment. The owners of the steamer Signal have been notified by the North Pacific Steamship Company, which recently chartered the Signal, to run between Astoria and Puget Sound ports, that they would return the steamer to them at once, as business did not warrant the continuance of the vessel on the service.

ANARCHY IN FRANCE.

Popular Opinion is Now Very Strongly Against Socialism.

Paris, Dec. 13.—The Socialist deputies have chosen the worst time to raise the question whether or not the recent strikes in the coal districts were justifiable. Several of the more moderate representatives of the party were against provoking a debate on miners' rights, but they were overruled by the extremists, who are closely associated with the avowed anarchists.

Both in and out of the chamber the reactions since the bomb explosions of Saturday have been so complete that Socialist doctrines, which formerly were listened to patiently, now excite only resentment. M. Basly's motion in the chamber yesterday was merely for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the strikes. It was an amended and expurgated copy of Basly's original resolution which affirmed the necessity of repealing the existing mine laws, of nationalizing mining property and annulling all mining concessions without indemnifying the present owners. No proposal so distinctively permeated with the principles of collectivism has ever been discussed in the chamber. The Socialist speakers, somewhat tamed by the public indignation, gave but veiled expression to their purposes, as originally indicated by Basly. The deputies thoroughly understood, however, the drift of their speeches and responded to the ministerial exposures of the Socialists' plan. The division to-morrow will show that three-fourths of the chamber oppose Basly and his group. The revulsion of feeling against Socialism is so intense and widespread that it is likely to become a permanent check to the party. The newspapers abound in articles tracing the intimacy of the relations between the Socialists and Anarchists. Just before the culmination of Vaillant's plot, Le Petit Republique had declared that the Collectivists and Anarchists met on common ground, as both regarded the society of to-day an ephemeral monster, nursed by brutality and spoliation.

Le Temps expresses the general opinion in making this comment upon the protests of the Socialists that they do not espouse the Anarchist cause. The Socialists are insincere. The Collectivists, generally, do not hamper themselves with scruples as to legality or moderation. They regard these outrages with complaisance, if not sympathy. These criticisms, however, apply rather to the followers of Jules Guesde, the Marayst, than to the more moderate municipal Socialists, who are known as Possibilists and have the strongest and most careful organization of all the French Socialist groups. The Guesdists, while repudiating fraternity with the Anarchists, are, in fact, in close sympathy with them, as Le Temps maintains. Le Rappel publishes a letter addressed by Vaillant to Guesde in the election of 1887. The letter begins with "My Dear Guesde," promises Guesde the assistance of the Socialist revolutionaires and closes with the words: "Yours with a fraternal shake of the hand." The biographies of several men arrested since Saturday on suspicion of complicity with Vaillant show that they formerly were members of Guesde's circles. The Socialist editors are consumed with anger every time a new accusation is made against them and retort venomously with counter charges. Le Petit Republique says: "The Monarchist and Opportunist press continues vomiting against Socialism and expectorates its palpable calumnies, yelling all the time that Colectivism is Anarchism and must be crushed. The infamous repression of the newspapers will not suffice for them. We must be hunted down and extirpated."

The Collectivist newspaper has come nearer than this in refuting the charge of friendship with the Anarchists. Special Guesdist journals do not deny this bond of sympathy but boldly defend Vaillant. Le Peuple in Lyons, the most popular of the Guesdist dailies in the south of France, calls the explosion of Saturday "a mere incident in social war," and adds: "We have no anathemas for the men who seek supreme revenge as a remedy for the intolerable evils afflicting them."

Premier Casimir-Perrier conferred with Ministers Rainal and Dubois this afternoon, and with them decided upon the rigorous enforcement of the new measures against the anarchists. The new special police will be formed by next January, and will be set to work at once in all the large towns searching domiciles and railway stations and frequenting meetings of the malcontents. This surveillance will be general, secret and thorough.

The house of Paul Reclus, nephew of Eliza Reclus, the celebrated writer on geography, was searched to-day by the police and many documents of an anarchist tendency were seized. Paul Reclus, like his uncle, is an anarchist in theory only. The police have made many domiciliary visits in Calais, but have found nothing objectionable.

In Falaise, Calvidos, where the postmaster was informed by letter that the postoffice would be blown up, they have been equally unsuccessful. The editor of Le Peuple in Lyons was called to the prefecture there and examined, but was not detained. A Spaniard named Pye has been arrested. As he acknowledges that he left Barcelona immediately after the explosion in the Lyceum opera house he will be expelled from France at once. In Marseilles many houses have been searched and several arrests have been made. The police here have been busy all day stripping from the walls an anarchist poster beginning with these words: "Workingmen, you are always duped; revolt! to arms!"

L. G. Stevenson, son of the vice-president, and his bride are passing their honeymoon at the Hotel Banda.

Dorothy Klumsky of San Francisco will read an astronomical thesis to-morrow before the professors of the Storbend, with a view to obtain the diploma of doctor of mathematics. Le Jour in a leader on the subject tells the women to stay at home and attend to their family duties.

The American Plutocracy.

New York, Dec. 14.—Society is in a flutter to-day over the first ball of the season of the "Patriarchs," which takes place to-night at Delmonico's and will mark the 21st year of this "exclusive" organization. The number of those participating in this function has never heretofore exceeded 400 until this year, but this time 50 millionaires have been permitted to subscribe for ten invitations each. Since the closing ball of last season four new "Patriarchs" have been admitted to fill vacancies, the fortunate ones being Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Wm. Rhinelander, Orme Wilson and J. Hooker Hamersley. The 50 subscribers to the function of to-night include John Jacob Astor, William Waldorf Astor, Ward McAllister, W. Bayard Cutting, Elbridge T. Gerry, Ogden Goelet, James Roosevelt, Hon. Edward Cooper and J. Pierpont Morgan. The ball rooms have been lavishly decorated, no expense being spared, while the wine for the supper has been especially imported from Europe.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—At to-day's session of the American federation of labor a report of the new trades organized under the auspices of the organization during the year was presented and approved. Emphasis was laid upon the recent formation of a national union of women laundry workers, and a committee was appointed to submit plans for the extension of this organization throughout the country.

Champaign, Ill., Dec. 14.—The corner stone of the new engineering hall of the University of Illinois was formally laid at noon to-day in the presence of a large throng, including the faculty, students and graduates of the institution. On account of the inclement weather the exercises were held in the chapel, the oration being delivered by Dr. R. H. Thurston, director of Sibley college at Cornell university.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 14.—The marriage of Miss Gracie Mildred Black, daughter of Congressman-at-large J. C. Black of Illinois, to Rev. Frank Buffington Vrooman will be solemnized this evening at St. John's church. The Illinois delegation and their families and friends from various states will be present.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—The general managers of the roads in the Central Traffic association are in session here to-day for the purpose of determining upon measures to be taken in view of the prevailing demoralization in freight and passenger traffic. Street commission is said to have demoralized passenger affairs, while some east-bound roads have cut rates below the paying point. The managers are determined to use radical measures, if necessary, to put an end to the prevailing demoralization.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 13.—When the steamer Alameda sails from San Francisco for Honolulu to-morow she will carry dispatches from Secretary Gresham to Minister Willis. It is believed that these dispatches contain instructions which may have a vital effect on the Hawaiian situation. They are necessarily somewhat hastily prepared in order to catch the Alameda. To-morrow may be a memorable day in the history of the provisional government. The revenue cutter Corwin, which left San Francisco secretly on the night of December 4, is due in Honolulu then, and it is understood that she carries implicit instructions to Minister Willis as to his action in regard to the contingencies which have arisen to interfere with his carrying out the administration policy of restoring the ex-queen. Whether or not the communication to be sent by the Alameda will modify the original instructions sent by the cutter cannot be ascertained, and friends of the provisional government are divided in their opinions as to whether the minister will act up to the promise he gave President Dole not to act until the arrival of the Alameda on December 21.

San Francisco, Dec. 13.—About nine o'clock this morning smoke was perceived issuing from the forward hold of the steamer Corona, which was being loaded here for San Diego and way ports. Hands were immediately put to work discharging the cargo, and after a considerable quantity had been jettisoned, two cases which were marked "wooden ware" were found to be the cause of the conflagration. They had been sent down to the steamer by a prominent busines house as "wooden ware" in order, it is believed, to evade the high rate of freight which is charged on matches. The shipment of all inflammable material without due notice to the ship owners and wharf authorities is a violation of the law, and it is understood proceedings will be taken against the guilty parties at an early date. Had not the fire been discovered when it was in all probability the steamer and her valuable cargo would have been completely destroyed.

Dan Coughlin's Trial.

London, Dec. 14.—Within a few days the government is likely to be called upon to give a definite answer to the question whether there is or is not an English end to the trial of Dan Coughlin for participating in the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin, which is now in progress at Chicago. If certain allegations that have been made within 24 hours are founded upon fact it may be open to proof that since the first of October the British secret service fund has contributed a sum, said to be one thousand pounds or five thousand dollars, to be used in the defence of Dan Coughlin, and this sum, it is said, has been forwarded to the United States in two different installments. High officials of Scotland Yard are understood to have brought about the appropriation, these in turn being influenced by an extensive detective agency in the United States which acts as the official correspondent of Scotland Yard, and which has had considerable to do in the past in the way of investigating alleged dynamite plots against Great Britain and the sailing of alleged dynamite emissaries from New York. The contribution of the secret service fund is said to have been in the form of an eleventh hour recognition of the services rendered to the government through these agencies by persons interested in Coughlin's acquittal. Questions on the subject are likely to be put to Home Secretary Asquith within a few days either by Mr. Labouchere or a member of the Irish party in sympathy with the Cronin element in the United States. In this connection some comment has been excited by the fact that the spy and informer Le Caron is known to have been in consultation with two members of the Unionist party within the past week. It is the prerogative of the government to refuse all information concerning the disposition of any sums granted from the secret service fund, but it is believed that in a case of this character the Home Secretary could be compelled to make a justification of the reasons upon which the allowance—if one has been made—was based.

The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp of dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

IN MELLO'S FAVOR.

Feeling Throughout Brazil Growing Stronger for the Rebels.

New York, Dec. 13.—The steamer Peninsula, Captain Bittancourt, which arrived last night from Brazilian ports, reports having left Santos on October 29. The feeling in Santos was decidedly in favor of Admiral Mello. At Rio de Janeiro there were a number of warships in the harbor and the Peninsula had to move to avoid stray shots fired in the almost daily duel between the ships and the forces on shore. The Peninsula left Rio de Janeiro on the 6th of November, or two days before the steamer Salorna, which arrived December 1. Captain Bittancourt had heard nothing of the reported capture of a powder magazine at Nitherohi, the "municipio neutro" directly opposite Rio, as previously reported. Mr. Zimenez, salesman for an electrical corporation, who returns after a trip through South American countries, says there is great fear among the people at Rio de Janeiro to express any opinion prejudicial to the government. The prison at Rio de Janeiro, he stated, was filled with outspoken Mello sympathizers, who had been arrested for expressing their feelings. It was understood that Mello was deterred from attacking the city by the fear that Peixoto would in retaliation put to death these persons. This, Mr. Zimenez stated, was the generally accepted reason for Mello confining himself to attacking the forts in the harbor at Rio. Almost all the firing by the government was directed against Villegagnon, the island fort in mid harbor. At Bahia everybody refused to express an opinion, and little if any interest seemed to be taken in the fight. There were no vessels in the harbor. At Pernambuco there was one guard ship, a vessel of small armament in the interest of the government. While at Pernambuco Jose Mariano was arrested by direction of President Peixoto, as a dangerous character. Mariano was a very popular and prominent citizen, and the President feared the effect of his lending his influence to Mello, especially as it was understood that he had strong leanings in that direction. The city of Pernambuco is under martial law. At Para, which place the Peninsula left on November 26th, there had been considerable excitement, caused by the expected attack of a large body of natives and Indians. Extensive preparations were made for their reception. Volunteer companies were formed and the tugs in the harbor armed. The preparations so frightened the natives that they retired without making an attack.

Lisbon, Dec. 134.—The British steamship Nile, which sailed from Pernambuco, Brazil, on Dec. 5, arrived here to-day. From her officers and mail advices it appears that the government had 15 insurgent officers and the crew of the guard ship at Parahyba do Norte seized in the harbor, carried ashore and stood up to be shot by a party of soldiers. The soldiers fired with great reluctance. With the first volley they killed five. The rest of the prisoners shouted "Long live Mello!" The soldiers declined to fire again and the rest of the marines are supposed to be still alive. The publication of Mello's manifesto has caused the troops in the province of Pernambuco to revolt. At Bahia and other ports the men on the Nile say the revolution grows in favor. The insurgents have been strengthened greatly by the accession of Admiral da Gama and his friends. A reign of terror is said to dominate Rio de Janeiro. More than a thousand men of different nationalities, are missing from the city. Some of them are supposed to be in jail, others are said to have been executed. Many foreigners are expected to be impressed into the military service of the government. More of them have been entered under false names and, therefore, when the consuls begin to inquire after them no trace of them can be found.

Driven Insane by Religion.

Maysville, Ky., Dec. 14.—Perhaps a score of persons have become insane during the religious revivals now sweeping this state. The most sensational one is that of Rev. Asa Simmons of Mount Olivet, who became insane while preaching and declared himself to be Jesus Christ. The wildest excitement prevails and a number of other insane converts have proclaimed their faith in him.

Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Dec. 14.—Arrived Dec. 14: England, London, Rumic and Lindsay from Liverpool; Seminole, Charlestown; Mavonic Boston.

Arrived out: Spree, New York at Southampton; Bohemia, New York at Copenhagen.

Cannot Get Alimony.

New York, Dec. 14.—Justice Smith, in the supreme court in Brooklyn to-day, denied the application for alimony and counsel fee in the suit brought by Mrs. Mara Belle Langley against her husband, Wm. H. Langley, the millionaire dry goods merchant, for absolute divorce and for separation. In his decision Justice Smith said Mrs. Langley's charges against her husband were not sufficiently definite. Mrs. Langley's counsel, he said, did not go into details, fearing his witnesses might be tampered with.

Mrs. Amanda Paisley

for many years an esteemed communicant of Trinity Episcopal church, Newburgh, N. Y., always says "Thank You" to Hood's Sarsaparilla. She suffered for years from Eczema and Scrofula sores on her face, head and ears, making her deaf nearly a year, and affecting her sight. To the surprise of her friends

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has effected a cure and she can now hear and see as well as ever. For full particulars of her case send to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in condition, proportion and appearance.

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of

Hosiery

In Our Well Known Wear Well Brand.

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose

Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.

Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.

Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of

Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Steily to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Steily to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STEILY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.
o6-1m

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.

Dated this 25th day of November, 1893.
n15-1m

Nicola Valley Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1894, addressed to the undersigned for the construction of this Company's Railway from Spence's Bridge to Nicola Lake.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the undersigned at the company's office, 161 Cordova street, Vancouver, and no tender will be considered unless made on such form.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. W. McFARLAND,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 4th, 1893. d7-td

NOTICE.

The undersigned having sold his interest in the firm of Tick Lung & Co. to Yee Peak, Tap Yen and Hem Foo, will not be responsible for any debts of the firm, as they assume all liabilities. All accounts against the firm must be sent to Tick Lung & Co. before the 13th inst.

DI CHUE.

dec 7-1w.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor

Successors to Lockhart & Co.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 9th day of October, 1893.

Dated 9th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Oct6-tf Assignees.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that John Johnston, carrying on business under the name and style of J. Johnston & Co., booksellers and stationers, at 77 Government Street, in the City of Victoria, has by deed dated the 1st day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all his real and personal property (except as therein mentioned) unto Walter Blake Smallfield of the said city, accountant, and George W. Haynes of the said city, real estate broker, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and the assignees on the 1st day of December, 1893.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1893.

WALTER BLAKE SMALLFIELD,
GEORGE W. HAYNES,
Dec1 Assignees.

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $50 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
n7m. 62 Third street, Victoria.

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied.

For further particulars apply to

WINNETT & COOPER,
n16-1m 18 Trounce Avenue.

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O. Apply to

JOHN HAGGERTY,
155 Yates Street.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON,
51 Langley street.
a18-1m Victoria, B.C.

FOR SALE--CHEAP.

Lots on both sides of Hillside Avenue, cheap for cash at reduced prices, or on easy terms.

Also, House and four Lots on Fourth Street, between Hillside Avenue and King's Road; price low and terms easy.

Also, House and Lot, Third Street; small cash payment and easy terms.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
d4-2w 75 Government St.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

BY-LAW

NO. 213.

A By-Law to authorize the disposal of a Certain portion of Oak Bay Avenue in exchange for contiguous land for the purpose of improving the said Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary and expedient for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria, to dispose of a portion thereof in exchange for contiguous land and to divert the said street.

And whereas the portion of Oak Bay Avenue aforesaid which it is proposed to dispose of, is so much thereof as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northerly boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74 aforesaid, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, and is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74, Victoria district; on the northwest by the southeast line of Cadboro Bay Road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said lot 2, and partly by a line drawn parallel to the northeast boundary of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, and distant from the said northeast boundary 40 feet; and on the south by a line drawn parallel with and in continuation of the south boundary line of Lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid, and the portion of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, which it is proposed to take in exchange is so much of the said Lot 2 as lies to the north of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary of the said Lot at a distance of 40 feet therefrom.

And Whereas Thomas Sinclair Gore is the owner in fee of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, required for the improvement of Oak Bay Avenue as aforesaid, and it is proposed that he should convey the same to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in exchange for the conveyance to him from the said City of Victoria of the said portion of Oak Bay avenue before described.

And whereas under and by virtue of sub-section (123) of section 104 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is authorized to make by-laws to dispose of a public street or highway, or any portion thereof, whenever deemed necessary, in exchange for adjacent or contiguous lands expropriated for the purpose of improving, widening, straightening or diverting any public street or highway, and to execute deeds for property so exchanged.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation to dispose of and convey to Thomas Sinclair Gore so much of the public street known as Oak Bay Avenue, commencing from its intersection with Cadboro Bay Road, as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, which said portion of Oak Bay Avenue intended to be disposed of is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74; on the northwest by the Cadboro Bay road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said Lot 2, and partly by the aforesaid line drawn parallel to the north boundary line of said Lot 2; and on the south by a line drawn in continuation of and parallel with the southern boundary lines of lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid.

Section 2. So much of the said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District as lies to the north of the said line drawn parallel to the northerly boundary line of the said lot and distant therefrom 40 feet, is hereby expropriated for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, a public street within the City of Victoria.

Section 3. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to accept in exchange for so much of Oak Bay Avenue as is described in and by Section 1 of this by-law, a conveyance from Thomas Sinclair Gore of so much of said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, as is described in and by Section 2 of this by-law.

Section 4. That for the purpose of effecting the said exchange it shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Mayor, to execute a conveyance to the said Thomas Sinclair Gore of the said portions of Oak Bay Avenue mentioned in clause 1, upon the receipt of a proper conveyance from the said Thomas Sinclair Gore to the said Corporation of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, before mentioned.

Section 5. This by-law shall be known as "The Oak Bay Avenue Exchange By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th November, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 1st day of December, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
(L. S.) Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 1st day of December, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $20 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

GREAT SUCCESS

of the new Tailor System of Deep Cutting. Cuts on all the latest lines. Half price for a few weeks only. Dresses and mantles cut and fitted.

REMOVED TO 98 YATES ST.,

d4-1mo Over Cochrane & Munn's.

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by **Ayer's Sarsaparilla.** He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can weigh of 150 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

Has received instructions from Mr. A. B. Gray, who is giving up housekeeping, to sell on the premises of that large two-story dwelling, 82 Belleville st., corner of Belleville and Oswego sts., James Bay, facing harbor, all the valuable

Household Furniture,

Contained therein, on

Friday, December 15

at 11 o'clock a.m., comprising:

One Cottage Pianaforte in Italian Walnut case, by Campbell & Co., London, England.

DRAWING ROOM—Walnut, hair cloth covered suite, 7 pieces; walnut marble top Centre Table; walnut Music Rack; walnut Corner Whatnot, handsomely carved; pair handsome Chinese Garden Seats; gilt Easel; two 5-o'clock Tea Tables; Steel Engravings and other Pictures, Brackets, Ornaments and bric-a-brac; Carpets, Rugs, Wolf Skin, etc.

DINING ROOM—Oak Extension Table, marble top mahogany Sideboard; marble top Side Table; mahogany Secretary Bookcase; Lounge, Easy and other Chairs; 9 Royal Acadamy Oil Paintings and other Pictures; Brussels Carpet; Gurney Franklin Stove; Glassware, Cutlery; hanging and pedestal Lamps; Ornaments, etc.

BEDROOM NO. 1—Very handsome walnut Suite, with marble top pieces; Mattresses and Bedding; handsome walnut Wardrobe; marble top walnut Centre Table; 16x20 Carpet, nearly new; Chamber Set; Pictures, etc.

HALL—Oak combined Hat Rack and Umbrella Stand; Stove and Piping; Carpet and Rug; Hanging Lamp.

BED ROOM NO. 2.—Child's walnut Cot and Mattresses; stained Wood Set, 3 pieces; Stove; Pictures; Child's Bath, etc.

BED ROOM NO. 3.—Upstairs—Walnut Suite; marble top Bureau; Wardrobe; Toilet Set; walnut small Table; Carpet; Pictures.

BED ROOM NO. 4(B)—Walnut Bed Stead, Mattress and Bedding; 2 Chests of Drawers; English Toilet Glass; Wardrobe; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Carpets; Chamber Crockery, etc.

BED ROOM NO. 5.—Stained wood Suite; Mattress; Bedding; three-quarter Bedstead and Mattress; Carpets, etc.

BILLIARD ROOM.—Three-and-a-half by seven Billiard Table; Balls; Cues; Marker, etc., complete; Sofa Bed Lounge; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Ornaments; Tables; Chairs; 16x20 Carpet, etc.

SEWING ROOM—Carpet; Chest of Drawers; 2 nursery Guard Fenders; Sewing Machine, etc. Carpet in hall upstairs and on the stairs.

BED ROOM NO.5. (SE)—Handsome marble top walnut Suite; spring and hair Mattresses; Carpet Square; Pictures, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (S)—Painted Suite; spring and wool Mattress; Carpet, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (SW)—Painted Suite; spring and hair Mattress; Carpet, etc; large stained wood Wardrobe.

KITCHEN.—No. 8 "Grand Universal" Stove, nearly new; usual utensils; Crockery; Tables; Chairs; contents of pantry and scullery.

OUTSIDE.—Hose, Shears, Step Ladder and Garden Tools.

The foregoing contains only particulars of the principal goods for sale.

Terms: Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
dec12 Auctioneer.

A Sample of Corsican Politeness.

The courteous formality of the French anarchist who sent infernal machines to Emperor William and Chancellor von Caprivi the other day is quite surpassed by the gentlemanly behavior of a Corsican brigand, Barthelemy Durill, in surrendering himself, as he has recently done, to the offended justice of his country. Writing from Piana to the commandant of the district, he said: "Monsieur the Commandant, I, the undersigned Durill Barthelemy, brigand at Piana, have the honor to respectfully submit to you that I intend to give myself up into your custody as a prisoner to be tried at the approaching assizes. Pray, Monsieur the Commandant, let me know when I can do so, and address your reply to my mother, Madame Durill, at Piana. As soon as you have written to her, and she has sent me the letter, I beg you, Monsieur the Commandant, be good enough to instruct your gendarmes in order that I may proceed without molestation to Ajaccio to surrender myself. I should not care to be arrested on the way by the gendarmes, and I will take it as a favor if you will give them instructions on the subject. Please let me hear from you five or six days before the date of the assizes, that I may have time to make my preparations. I rely upon you. Accept, Monsieur the Commandant, the expression of my entire devotion.—Durill (Barthelemy), Brigand and Landowner at Piana."

Hood's and Only Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper berries and other well known remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative powers not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures when other preparations fail.

HOOD'S PILLS cure biliousness.

A COLOSSAL DICTIONARY.

How the Great Work of the Philogical Society is Carried On.

Another volume of "The New English Dictionary" has just been issued from the Clarendon Press. In connection with this unusual event—for the parts appear at long intervals—we had an interview with Dr. J. A. H. Murray, the director-in-chief of the gigantic work in question.

"Tell me, Dr. Murray, when the idea of such a dictionary first arose?"

"Well, it goes back more than thirty years. It was in 1857 that the late Archbishop Trench, when Dean of Westminster, read a paper to the Philological Society in London, in which he suggested the idea of a supplementary dictionary which wuld supply the deficiencies of all existing English dictionaries, alike in words and scises, and would above all aim at giving the real history of all words alike, as to their derivation, their age, their changes of form and development of meaning.

"Such a scheme had not been tried before. The only approach to it at that time, and this only in particular features, was the great German dictionary, which is still in progress in this year 1893. You must remember that the great advance in the science of language belongs to the middle of this century, and that at the time this paper was read the English dictionaries in use were for the most part reprints, recasts and abstracts of Dr. Johnson's, and contained very little new or independent work, except such as was comprised in the new addition of 'new words;' no new work had been done at the old words, which remained just as Johnson left them. Hence the great need of some supplement.

"The Philological Society took up the scheme with great energy, and under the direction of the late lamented Herbert Coleridge and of Dr. Furnivall, since noted as the founder of many literary societies, a band of several hundred readers volunteered their services; a list of books was drawn up for careful reading, and a uniform method of noting and extracting quotations was laid down. It was soon evident, when the work once began to get under way, that it would not confine itself to a supplementary work alone. The number of unrecorded words and meanings which were noted by this first systematic research showed us plainly that the work would take no form but that of a dictionary larger and longer than any of the existing ones. With this new scheme the organization was rearranged; sub-writers were appointed for each letter, to receive and arrange the quotations collected by the readers, and build these in dictionary form."

"Surely that division must have made the work very unequal?"

"It did; and partly on that account, partly, perhaps, from the lack of zeal which must come into such voluntary work after the lapse of time has made it tedious, the scheme bid fair to fall to the ground. By this time, however, in the early seventies, a vast amount of illustrative quotations had been collected, and two or three millions of quotation slips, many of them already classified, and partially edited, had been got together. Although the work fell through for the moment, these materials remained.

"In 1879 I began the present work. My connection with it originated in the request on the part of an American firm that I would associate myself on the English side in the bringing out of a new dictionary designed to compete with and beat the existing large American dictionaries—Webster's and Worcester's. This led to my examining the materials of the Philological Society, of which I had up to then only a hearsay knowledge, and to the preparation of specimens to show what may be made of these materials. The immediate proposals came to nothing, for the specimens meant a much larger work than the publishers had in view, and all that remains of them now is the specimens themselves, which I will show you, as they possess a kind of historical interest now; for the specimens kindled once more the dormant interest in the Philological Society's original scheme, and led to negotiations with the Clarendon Press, which resulted finally in their acquiring the existing materials for a new English dictionary.

"Since then progress has been steady. The parts, between twenty and thirty of which will complete the series, have appeared regularly from that time, and the methods and objects of the work have not changed. It has, perhaps, slightly outgrown its original proportions; but with that exception it is progressing on the lines on which I sketched it more than ten years ago. Two sections are now in parallel progress, Volume III. being entrusted to the editorship of Mr. Henry Bradley, who has now finished to letter E. It will be finished towards the end of the century—at least that is the date we put before ourselves as desirable. I may point out to you that a certain misconception has arisen as to the amount of work already done. We have only completed about four letters of the alphabet, but that comprises more than a quarter of the work. The number of words beginning with a particular letter differ tremendously, far beyond what anyone would imagine without actual experiment. S, for instance, the largest of all the letters in English, occupies in a dictionary 200 times the space of X, 70 times the space of Y, 18 to 20 times the space of K or Q. C comes next to S, as the time it has already taken me lets me know only too well. People exclaim, 'What, still at C?' But they do not know, or do not consider, that C comprises more words than nine of the other letters, J, K, Q, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, more than one-third of the alphabet added together or that, to take merely average letters, it equals E, F, and half of G combined. But you shall judge for yourself of the difficulties and interest from a sight of our work shop."

Dr. Murray then led the way to his garden, where there stands detached from the house a corrugated iron structure, the far-famed Scriptorium. It is sunk two or three feet in the ground, with a trench surrounding it, the object of this arrangement being partly to secure an even temperature in winter and summer and partly to avoid danger from fire. The sight presented on entering was interesting in the highest degree. The whole room is lined with shelves divided into pigeon-holes, and these are white with the millions of slips packed in them.

Guiding letters are placed at intervals above these packets of quotations, and a division is made between the work already edited and that which remains to be done. Dictionaries and works of reference lay on sloping desks on every side, and were being busily used by the half dozen workers present.

The energy and patience evidently required in a work of this kind were more than ever apparent in such surroundings. One would think that a large number of words might be rejected at once as un-English, and the labor be so lightened, but this is by no means the case.

"Here, for instance," said Dr. Murray, taking down a goodly bundle, "is a series of quotations from the word 'coltish.' It is probably new to you, as it was to me yesterday, and no one would be called rash who, in an ordinary article, condemned it as a superfluous word; but I cannot act half so hastily with such a pile of evidence as this before me. I have to think very carefully before rejecting any word, however faulty it may appear at sight. And this laborious editing must be gone through with the majority of the material you see here. Then there is the choosing of the particular and characteristic quotations we need, and, the hardest task of all, the arrangement of the different meanings of the same word in such a manner as they shall present a true historical and logical sequence, and flow one from another. If you consider this common and much used word for a moment you will see how difficult and critical a business this is."

So saying, the editor opened one of the printed parts, and showing me the word "come," occupying twenty-three columns, and illustrated by 1,200 quotations, classified under 225 headings of sense and phrase, asked me to picture these in the shape of 225 little parcels of slips spread out chaotically over his dining-room table, with the problem set to find and apply a clue whereby the contents of the labyrinth should be reduced to the order in which they now stand in the twenty-three printed columns.—Westminster Budget.

She Didn't Vote.

A man who was up in the country on election day tells of some very funny things that happened when the women came out to vote. He was in a western New York village, and stood at the polls. One of the watchers had been instructed to challenge all the women, and when a woman walked into the booth he stepped up to her and said: "Do you desire to vote, Miss ——?"

"Certainly," she said.

"Well, I'm sorry, but I have to challenge you."

"What do you mean by that?" she asked suspiciously.

"I mean that there are persons who think that you have not the right to vote, and demand that you shall swear your vote in."

She stared. "Why," she stormed, "I have lived in this village all my life, and have been a consistent church member. I insist on voting without any such proceeding."

"You cannot vote unless you take an oath to certain things."

"Well," she snapped, "I'll take the oath."

The watcher pronounced the oath, and the woman took it. "Now," she said, "show me where to vote?"

"But you must answer some questions first. "Are you over 21 years of age?"

"Why, you know that I am. Didn't I know you when you were a tiny little boy?"

"That doesn't answer the question."

"Well, then, yes."

"How old are you?"

"Now, see here!" expostulated the woman, "I don't see why you drag such things into this business. I have just told you that I was 21."

"But how old are you?" he persisted.

"Fifty-nine," she answered, looking daggers.

"Where do you live?"

"Next door to you, you impudent thing."

"Have you any bet or wager on the result of this election?"

The woman could stand it no longer. She poured forth her wrath on that watcher's head unstintedly.

"You slanderous person!" she said, "that you should insinuate such a thing about me when you know that I am opposed to anything of the sort. I belong to the church. I wouldn't do such a thing as bet. I—but I won't stay here and be insulted any more."

And she flounced out of the booth and did not exercise her prerogative.—Buffalo Express.

To Succeed Harrison.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—The mayoralty campaign is at fever heat. Scores of meetings under the auspices of the Republicans and Democrats are being held nightly throughout the city, but very little effort is being put forth in behalf of the socialistic candidate. Most of the Republican meetings are being held in the regions inhabited by the wage-workers, and especially where the number of unemployed is largest. National politics has entered into the campaign and the Republican orators are dwelling upon the present depressed condition of the country as a reason why Chicago should return to its old love and march to victory on Tuesday next under the Republican banner. For the first time also in a mayoralty election party emblems are being conspicuously worn, the Republicans having adopted an "Old Glory" button for the coat lapel, and the Democratic insignia is a dark blue button with the name of the candidate in letters of gold. Half a million of these buttons have been distributed within the past few days, and they are being worn by men and women alike. The Democrats are putting forth Herculean efforts to elect their candidate on the ground that a Republican victory at this time would be regarded in the light of a local condemnation of President Cleveland in "turning down" Frank Lawler and appointing Washington Hesing to the lucrative and influential position of postmaster. The Republicans, on the other hand, are working just as hard in the hope that they may be able to round off the Republican victories in the various states last month with a rousing majority in a city that, but a few months ago, went Democratic by several thousand.

A Patriarchal Age.

Dubuque, Ia., Dec. 14.—Charles L. Poole of New Albion, the eldest man in Iowa except one, is dead, at the age of 107 years and nine months, lacking a few days. He was born in Somersetshire, England, and came to this country in 1849. Until two years ago he has always enjoyed good health.

ARBITRATORS DECISION.

Dexter Horton & Co. vs. W. P. Sayward Decided Against Sayward.

Robert C. Strudwick has filed in the United States circuit court his report as referee in the big law suit of Dexter Horton & Co. against W. P. Sayward, the wealthy Victoria capitalist and mill owner. The law suit grew out of a series of business transactions covering eleven years between Harrington & Smith, wholesale grocers of this city, and the Port Madison Mill Company, in which Harrington & Smith claimed that the sum of $227,000 was due to them on stated accounts by the mill company. Their claims were assigned to Dexter Horton & Co., who brought action for the recovery of the claim, attaching a large amount of property belonging to Sayward. The case has been fought for a long time upon minor issues and proceedings, and it was not until May 24 last that the hearing of the case was had on its merits before Referee Strudwick. As against the claim that the account was a stated one, the defence claimed that it was not, that it was incorrect, and that finally in any event Sayward was not personally responsible, because he had not personally authorized the contracting of the debt.

An enormous amount of testimony was taken at the hearing, covering 1,900 typewritten pages, as well as five volumes of exhibits introduced. The report embraces 215 findings of fact and covers 85 pages. It is, in brief, that the account is a stated one; that Sayward is personally liable for it, and allows him credit for overcharges and omitted credits amounting to $94,000, leaving a balance due to the plaintiff of $130,000. The referee also recommends that judgment be entered in accordance with the findings.

Both parties have filed exceptions to the report, which will be heard before Judge Bellinger, United States district judge of Portland, who will probably come up here soon for that purpose. The hearing will be had before Judge Bellinger because Judge Hanford feels himself disqualified by having at one time been connected with the case as counsel. The case will probably be taken to the circuit court of appeals, the highest tribunal to which it can be taken.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Challenged His Adversary.

Job challenged his adversary to produce a libel or written indictment against him; he was confident it would prove no disgrace to him, but an honor, as every article would be disproved and the reverse be manifested.

The proprietors of Harvard bronchial syrup challenge the world to produce a remedy for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and croup, that will act as instantaneously and as effectively as their celebrated preparation. No other competing cough remedy will for a moment compare with Harvard bronchial syrup.

The public have severely tested the majority of cough remedies and to-day the honor of victory remains with that grand scientific production which emanated from Harvard Medical University.

The best physicians and families in Canada and the United States have given strong testimony in favor of Harvard bronchial syrup. In millions of homes on this North American continent this wonderful syrup is a wondrous friend and gives unbounded satisfaction.

Waste on Ocean Liners.

A man who came over on a recent trip of the big Cunarder Campania, being of an enquiring turn of mind, used his eyes and ears to a good advantage all the way, and he expressed to a reporter the most unqualified amazement at the constant wholesale waste of valuable material. "I don't think so much of the stewards selling saloon fare to the steerage," he said, "because the food would be thrown overboard anyway and the stewards, or 'flunkies,' as the seamen call them, may as well make something off it if they can. Their pay is small, so the transactions result in substantial benefit to them. A great many persons come over in the steerage because they do not care what their accommodations are so long as they get good food, and they are pretty sure of being able to buy that from the stewards. Of course it is not the square thing to do, but what I wondered at the most was the utter disregard for the ship's outfit.

"For instance, a steward would take down to the steerage a dozen dishes and plates of choice food in a large bucket, carefully covered so the contents would not be seen. Of course the bucket contained silver forks, spoons, knives and very often silver vegetable and desert dishes and individual chocolate and coffee pots. When the food was eaten the china and silver went back to the bucket and the whole business was quietly dropped into the refuse chute and down into the sea. I've seen as many as ten buckets taken down by the same number of stewards three or four times a day throughout a trip, and in every case the crockery, silverware and bucket went overboard. You may take my word for it that anything a steward carries below never gets back to its proper quarters again—not only because of the trouble, I doubt, though, if the risk is very great for some of the officers are themselves exceedingly careless and destructive. I've seen large, brand new, handsome blankets taken into an officer's room for him to use as a rug while taking a bath. When he finished the blankets were rolled up and quietly dropped down the chute, and that happened a number of times during the voyage, too. No, I can't suggest a remedy, and the company wouldn't extend me a vote of thanks if I could, but it seems to me it would pay to have those things looked into a little and a responsible man placed in direct charge of affairs. A steward's pay is very small, ranging from $5 to $30 a month, but never exceeding the latter sum. In many cases they get no pay at all, but instead not only work without a stipend, but also pay the company for the privilege of serving it."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wrecked Amid Icefields.

A sealing brig, immersed in the densest fog and driven by the fog, was running down a narrow lane or opening in the ice when the shout of breakers ahead and the crash of the bows upon a reef came at the same moment. The crew sprang overboard upon the heaving icefields and almost immediately saw their strong and beautiful vessel sink into the ocean. The adventure is related in "After Icebergs with a Painter."

Without food or extra clothing the 40 men were remote from all help. To the west lay the precipitous shore of Cape Bonavista, and for this, the nearest land, in single file, the men commenced at sunset their dreadful and hopeless march.

All night, without refreshment or rest, they went stumbling and plunging on their perilous way, now and then sinking into the slush between the ice cakes and having to be drawn out by their companions. But for their leader and a few other bold spirits the party would have sunk down with fatigue and despair and perished.

At daybreak they were still on the rolling icefields, beclouded with fog, and with nothing in prospect but the the terrible cape and its solitary chance of deliverance. Thirsty, famished and worn they toiled on, more and more slowly, all the morning; and then bewildered and lost in a dreadful cloud travelling along parallel with the coast the poor fellows passed the cape without knowing it.

The captain looked back from time to time on the wornout and suffering line of men, the last of them scarcely visible in the mist, and a thrill of discouragement passed over him. Unless there was some change in their prospects he knew that few of them would live out another night on the ice. They had shouted until they were hoarse, and looked into the endless gray until they had no heart for looking longer.

Suddenly, just before sundown, they came to a vessel. "A few rods to the right or left and they must have missed it." "We were led by the hand of Providence," said Capt. Knight in telling the story.—Youths' Companion.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds sal soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

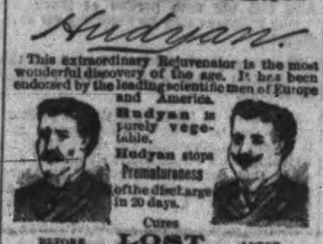
Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Results in a day. Testimonials from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.



Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days.

Cures BEFORE LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, Invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature ness means Impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and leads to premature decay. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialist of the old Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed cover). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

Test

The truthfulness of the following announcement:

No reasonable offer will be refused for the

Entire Stock and Fixtures

OF THE

Palace Cigar Divan

110 GOVERNMENT ST.

If unable to dispose of same en bloc, every article will be RETAILED at such PRICES that will prove THIS SALE to be bonafide.

For particulars call on

D. HART,
"STORE TO RENT." 110 Govt. St. Victoria, B.C.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to noon of Saturday, December 16, for the construction of a Frame Building at Esquimalt. Plans and specifications can be seen by applying at the office of Albion Iron Works Co. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO.
Dec12-4t

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seat of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon," Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLIN.
Dec. 6th, 1893. d67-30t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

F. W. GARLAND.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-td

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.

142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WATER front and about 700 cords of wood cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good terms; $35 per acre.

100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES planted; $1000; good terms.

250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid location for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.

2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing since 1890 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Tick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO,
(Tick Lung & Co., 34 Pagoda St.)
Victoria, November 10, 1893. n16-1m

THE WEEKLY TIMES

THE WEEKLY TIMES

THE WEEKLY TIMES

—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—

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VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

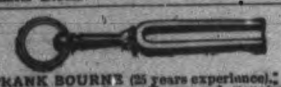
ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4



FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 26, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m. on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. W. J. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 199, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, following communications are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PEMBERTON, K. of R. and S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairing promptly at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conducivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

XMAS IS COMING!
FOR
Cakes and Confectionery
HENRY CLAY,
39 Fort Street, The Old Reliable,
Is now showing the largest collection of Cakes, Plum Puddings and Confectionery in the city.
Cakes selected will be ornamented as desired.
The only practical and A1 Confectioner in the city.
Dec. 7-2w.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA WEST HALL.
Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15, 16.
The great comedy drama, in 4 acts, entitled
"STRIFE"
—by—
The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society,
Commencing at 8 p.m. Admission 25c.; reserved seats 50c., to be obtained at T. N. Hibben & Co's. bookstore. Grand Family Matinee on Saturday, December 16th, at 2:30 p.m. Admission 25c.; children under 12, 10c. See small bills. d12-td

Grand Bazaar
AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,
Given by the Young Ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church,
Tuesday, Dec. 19th
Doors open at 12. Lunch from 12 to 2.
Concert and Tableaux
at 8 o'clock.
Admission to Concert 50 Cents.
Children Half-Price.
d12-td

Knights of Pythias Ball
will be held on
FRIDAY, 29th DECEMBER,
at
ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT ST.
TICKETS, $3.00
which can be obtained from the following committee: E. Pferdner, F. M. Cryderman, P. J. Hall, Geo. E. Moss, Chas. L. Cole, J. J. Randolph, W. P. Smith, Geo. Watson, J. M. Hughes, T. Watson, A. A. Aaronson, C. Bloomquist; also from Watson & Hall, J. R. Kerr, C. E. Jones, Dean & Cryderman, Jamieson's bookstore, Cavin Bros. and H. Waller. dec.7-td

(213.)

A BY-LAW

For the Purpose of Expropriating Certain Real Property for the Purpose of Widening View Street Within the City of Victoria.

Whereas under and by virtue of Section 104, sub-section 107 of the Municipal Act, 1892, powers are conferred upon the Council to pass a by-law for the purpose (inter alia) of widening streets and expropriating any real property necessary therefor subject to restrictions contained in Sections 269, 270, 271 and 272 of the said Act.

And whereas it is expedient to extend View street in the City of Victoria by widening the said street from the north east corner of Lot 1086 easterly across the north end of Block 10, Spring Ridge, and easterly across the north end of Block 9, Spring Ridge, and also easterly across the north end of Lot 6, Block 8, Spring Ridge, to Ormond street, in the said City in order to make the same of a uniform width of 60 feet and it is necessary for the purpose aforesaid to enter upon expropriate and take and use such portion of Block 10, Spring Ridge, as may be necessary for such purpose.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to expropriate, and it hereby expropriates, for the purpose of widening View street aforesaid all and singular that portion or parcel of land and premises more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northeast corner of Section 10 of the Hudson's Bay Company's property at Spring Ridge, thence westerly along the north boundary of the said Section 10, 132 feet more or less to the west boundary of the said section, thence southerly along the west boundary of said section 30 feet more or less to a point where the said west boundary would intersect a production easterly of the south line of View street as laid down upon the official map of the City of Victoria, prepared under the provisions of 43 Vic., Cap. 31 (1880) thence following the production of the south line of View street easterly 132 feet more or less to the east boundary of Section 10, thence following the east boundary of said section 10, 30 feet more or less to the place of beginning:

And it shall be lawful for the said Corporation forthwith to enter upon expropriate break up and take and use the said piece of land for the purpose aforesaid without the consent of the owner thereof.

2. This by-law may be cited as "The View Street Expropriation By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of December, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 11th day of December, 1893.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 11th day of December, A.D. 1893, and all persons are required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

A 1
Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Children's white fur boas, 35c.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ANY ONE with push who makes less than $50 a week is not up to the times. Our solicitors earn from $10 to$25 a day taking orders for "SHEPP'S WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED;" only official fair book authorized by the Exposition management; over 500 oblong pages 9x11 in.; 250 full page copyrighted photographs (sold at the fair at 50 cents each, or $128 for the collection, which we are enabled to sell in one large volume under our concession at $2.25 to $10, according to binding. Canadian agents doing tremendous business. Holiday bonanza. Books on time. Freight paid. Big inducements to any one with push. Terms free. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., 358 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., or Philadelphia, Pa. dec.7-10t

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

FOR SALE.

CORDWOOD TIMBER for Sale. John Vantreight, Gordon Head. dec13-1w

FOR SALE—Steam Schooner "Mischief." Apply W. WALKER, 68 Yates St. d10-6t

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. N2-1m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 41 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On the old Esquimalt road, nar Catherine street, a bag containing sailors' effects. Finder please leave at 71 Yates street. d13-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

A DISSOLVING VIEW ENTERTAINMENT will be given by the Spiritualists Society in Pioneer Hall, on Thursday evening. Subject: "A Trip Through Colorado," also "The Fur Seals on the Rookeries in the Behring Sea." About 150 slides in all. A rare treat. Admission 25c.; children 10c. Dec13-2t

WANTED—To borrow, $3000 for 3 years, at 8 per cent on first mortgage security. Address Box O, Times office. d13-3t

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

The Daily Times.

THERE WAS NO "COOKING."

Hon. Justice Walkem yesterday had two faults to find with the Times' report of Monday's proceedings in the Stroebel trial. We are quite ready to admit that one of the judge's exceptions was well taken, namely, that which applies to the portion of the report dealing with Lucas' evidence. It is hardly necessary to state that in this particular the reporter erred through inadvertence and not through design, for the Times could have no motive in endeavoring to influence the result either one way or the other. It is true, however, that the evidence should have been reported as it was given and not criticized. But the judge brought a more serious charge against the report when he said that the portion which related to the brief discussion between himself and Mr. Morrison appeared to have been "cooked." He appears to have conceived the idea that some outsider had changed the report for a purpose after it had left the reporter's hands. That idea, we must say, was entirely wrong, for there was not the slightest attempt made to "cook" the report in any way; it appeared in the paper just as the reporter wrote it, and we are quite certain that the reporter's work was honestly done. There was no intention of making a hero of Mr. Morrison, and there was not a word put in either his mouth or the judge's mouth that was not uttered. We believe that a comparison of the Times' report with that of the Colonist will show any person conclusively that if there was "cooking" in one case there was "cooking" in both, and it is needless to say that the latter contingency was not at all likely. To allow of such comparison we reproduce both reports of the discussion referred to. The passage in the Times read as follows;

His lordship stated that the defence could have by this time easily ascertained whether there was any foundation for the charge that the witness had been tried for murder in San Francisco. In trying to damage the character of witnesses for the crown the defence was adopting a very dangerous course. It had been suggested that the majority of the witnesses were pickpockets, opium smugglers and thimble riggers, and now the imputation was thrown out that this witness was a murderer, and all this without the production of any evidence to justify such charges. He had been indignant at the treatment some of the witnesses had received.

Mr. Morrison replied that his defence was not yet in, and asked his lordship whether he meant to insist that the defence should give in its evidence before the case for the crown was concluded. His lordship should assume that he (Mr. Morrison) knew what he was doing. He was pursuing the same methods as he had followed at the recent trial before a judge who had a reputation for fairness, and he thought he had met with some success. In the present case he was quite willing to take his chances with the jury.

His lordship replied that he had no right to depend on slanders whispered on the streets, but must be able to corroborate all the statements made against witnesses. His lordship would be compelled in fairness to address the jury on the matter and to point out that the unfortunate prisoner was not to be held responsible for a line of defence that was due to the inexperience of his counsel.

Mr. Morrison again reminded his lordship that he had not entered on his defence. He must, in cross-examination, lay the foundation for his defence, otherwise his lordship would be the first to stop him when he examined his own witnesses on the very matters on which he was now cross-examining the crown's witnesses. No fine feeling for the witness, Lucas, would prevent him from doing his duty to his client. He intended to conduct his own case, and so long as he was not stopped by his lordship he would pursue the course he had hitherto followed. This was the second time he had been interrupted, and he would not trouble the witness again.

Mr. Morrison refused to continue his cross-examination.

Mr. Wood, surveyor, gave evidence briefly, and the court adjourned until to-day.

The corresponding passage in the Colonist's report is as follows:

His lordship said that with respect to the particular charge upon which the witness had been questioned, there had been abundant time to make the proper inquiries and either prove the charge or show it to be without foundation. He wished to observe to the counsel that he was adopting a very dangerous line of defence in the wholesale aspersion of the character of the witness. Counsel should be wary in bringing in these outdoor aspersions and introducing them as serious matters. The defence here had practically accused four or five or six or seven witnesses for the crown of being smugglers, pickpockets, thimble-ringers, or criminals of other types, and without the introduction of any evidence to show the slightest justification. In the whole course of his experience he had never seen anything like this. A judge usually put his foot down at once upon such proceedings, but he had up to the present refrained from interfering because he did not wish to obstruct in the slightest any line of defence which might help the case of the prisoner. He had felt very much like interfering when a railway agent, who was unfortunate enough to have to appear as a witness, found himself without provocation covered almost with slime in the court room. He asked the counsel to consider what would the jury think of their client when he had to take such a black brush to cover the witnesses on the side of the crown. His own duty he felt would be to tell the jury that the responsibility for this line of defence must not be saddled upon the prisoner, but rather that it must rest solely with the counsel. To persist in such a course toward witnesses must make this, in place of being a court of justice, a court of injustice and torture. He had felt most indignant on several occasions at the treatment of witnesses, but had not previously remonstrated because it is a form of defence which it is in the right of counsel to adopt, but he would have in fairness to make it a subject of address to the jury.

Mr. Morrison said that unless his lordship stopped him he should follow the course he had been so far pursuing, with some success before another judge, and he was quite willing to take his chances with the jury.

His lordship replied that in such event he must not depend upon the slanderous statements of the street, but must produce in justification the evidence of a court of record.

Mr. Morrison continued that he was quite prepared to produce evidence in support of every charge upon which witnesses had been questioned. He asked the court to remember that he had not yet entered upon his line of defence, and in explaining this to the jury he would justify to them the course he had adopted.

The attorney-general said that, as far as the record of the present witness Lucas in San Francisco was concerned, Mr. Morrison had produced in court to-day a letter from the chief of police there, which must surely state if there is anything on record against him. Waiving any question of admissibility, he would ask counsel to put that in and have it read. If the letter did not contain the information, and counsel thought there was any chance of improving his case by procuring it, he might telegraph to San Francisco and produce it in the morning.

His lordship remarked that this would be improper evidence and he could not admit it if procured.

The attorney-general again requested that the letter from the chief of police, which had been placed in the hands of the witness for identification, should be put in. He thought it would prove a perfectly harmless document, and not, as the jury had been led to infer, one one which would prove damaging to Lucas.

Mr. Morrison replied that he would conduct his case in his own way without reference to the attorney-general. He declined, however, after the manner in which he had been interfered with, to further cross-examine Mr. Lucas.

Leaving out the fact that the Colonist passage is the longer of the two, there is very little practical difference between them. With such evidence the Times is quite ready to be tried by any impartial jury of critics on the charge of "cooking." We have gone thus fully into the matter because we regard the charge as a serious one, under which no paper with a regard for its reputation could be content to lie. Reporters, being human, may easily make errors, but an unintentional error is a different affair from allowing a report to be tampered with for some ulterior purpose.

MORE GOVERNMENT STUPIDITY.

There may be a number of ratepayers who have lost sight of the fact that three members of the school board retire at the end of this year, whose successors are to be elected at the same time as the mayor and aldermen. It is likely that a good many more are unacquainted with an amendment introduced into the school law last session which may materially affect the voting for school trustees. By the act of the previous year it is specified that the list of voters for trustees shall be the same as for the mayoralty, but last session's amendment qualifies this provision by enacting that "no person liable to pay the revenue tax shall be permitted to vote until he has paid such revenue tax for the current year." At the approaching elections the "current year" will mean the year 1894, so no person will be at liberty to vote for school trustees next month unless he can show a receipt from the collector for his revenue tax for the year 1894. In all likelihood this peculiar provision will cause an endless amount of trouble in the event of polling for trustees being necessary. Of all the stupid things for which the present government is responsible this is about the most stupid. The revenue tax does not become due until the 2nd of January, and the election will come in a little more than a week afterwards, so that the whole of the citizens must pay the tax in that short interval or suffer disqualification. Such asinine legislation as this shows how capable is the peculiar aggregation of politicians that now misrules the province.

CONGRESS AND SENATE.

To-Day's Business in Legislative Chambers of the United States.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 14.—It is understood the president's message to Hawaii will not be sent to congress to-day, but be held back until after the cabinet meeting to-morrow and the sailing of the Alameda from San Francisco.

A prominent member of the house committee on foreign affairs is authority for the statement that correspondence in the Hawaiian matter, called for by congress, will not be sent to the capitol to-day.

Without discussion the bill passed, which Catchings brought in, setting aside the time after the second morning hour, beginning to-day, and continuing each day thereafter until concluded, for considering the bills admitting Arizona and New Mexico to statehood.

The house bill reporting the federal elections law was reported back favorably and placed on the calendar. The senate joint resolution relieving the employes of the Record and pension division in the war department and the injured by the Ford theatre disaster from the operation of the law restricting the amount of sick leave with pay, passed. Also the house bill for two additional justices of the supreme court for the territory of Oklahoma (with amendments). The senate agreed to adjourn over from to-day until Monday.

The senate committee on judiciary discussed the Hornblower nomination to-day without action. It was adjourned until Monday.

Dockery and the joint committee will investigate the various executive departments in consequence of the bill to improve the methods of accounting in the post office department. This is the bill to change the money order system.

Senator Voorhees introduced a bill to-day for the coinage of silver dollars, the retirement of small denominations of gold and paper, and for other purposes. Referred to the committee on finance. It directs the coinage into silver dollars of standard weight and fineness of the seignorage as directed under the act of February, 1878, and July, 1890. The silver dollars are to be full legal tender, and not less than 2,000,000 a month are to be coined and turned into the treasury. When all the seignorage or profit has thus been coined the secretary of the treasury shall purchase silver bullion in amounts of not less than $2,000,000 a month. All paper circulating notes of the government and national banks of less denomination shall be substituted. The $2.50 and $5 gold pieces shall also be withdrawn from circulation, and a commission of five is to be appointed to hold an international conference with a view to secure an international fixed relative value between gold and silver.

Commissioner Lyman of the civil service has resigned as president of the commission but not as commissioner. He has been succeeded as president by Commissioner Proctor.

Comptroller Eckles to-day appointed Edgar M. Wesfervitt, of Lincoln, Neb., receiver of the Citizens' National Bank of Grand Island, Neb.

Bills were passed granting patents to settlers in Arkansas and for the relief of those having made settlement in Oregon and Washington under the Donation act of 1850.

Toys, Wholesale Prices
For retail quantities at Russell & McDonald's

RASCALITY UNMASKED.

Interesting Disclosures Made at the Opium Smuggling Trial.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 14.—The Chinese conspiracy cases were resumed at 10 a. m. with Blum in the stand. His testimony was to the effect that Chinese certificates furnished him by Bannon were in lots varying from one to 15 or 20, as he called for them, all bearing Bannon's signature and seal. There were three or four different forms, some printed and some typewritten. Blum would then affix photographs of the Chinese and signatures of witnesses.

Blum was withdrawn from the witness box to allow F. L. Hocking, assistant postmaster of Tacoma, who wished to return home, to give evidence. Mr. Hocking testified that C. J. Mulkey rented a postoffice box at Tacoma under an assumed name, box No. 1535. This is the box number that Blum testified yesterday was used by him in addressing, under an assumed name, letters to C. J. Mulkey.

Blum was again placed on the stand. He had several conversations with James Lotan concerning the Chinese question. The first conversation was held on the street, the second in Lotan's private office. At this interview Lotan said his financial condition was not very strong, but he expected soon to be appointed collector of customs, that he did not expect to hold office very long, and wanted to make all he could out of it. Blum explained to Lotan the modus operandi of his proposed plan for the landing of Chinese. Lotan wanted $50 for each Chinaman landed, but said he could not afford to be mixed up directly in the matter, and at Blum's suggestion a plan was agreed upon whereby Cardinel was to be appointed second deputy and transactions were to be carried on through him. When a lot of Chinamen were landed, W. L. Boise would be paid Lotan's share of the money collected. Boise was to be on hand at the arrival of each steamer and go over the lists.

Canadian Silver
Taken in exchange for toys at Russell & McDonald's.

—Buy Christmas and New Year Wines from the California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz.
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.
The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.
These prices are for Xmas trade.
Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Duncan MacArthur, ex-president of the defunct Commercial Bank, was entertained by a large number of citizens of Winnipeg at a banquet on the eve of his departure for the east.

Leblanc, sentenced to be hanged at Winnipeg for the murder of Wilson, is still in ignorance of the commutation of his sentence, as the official letter from the department at Ottawa has not yet been received by the sheriff.

A mutual fire insurance company, under the auspices of the wholesale trade of Winnipeg, has been organized, with J. H. Ashdown as president; F. W. Stobart, vice-president, and R. T. Riley, treasurer.

The provincial veterinarians of Manitoba report to the interior department that they have made a careful inquiry in all parts of the province, and cannot find a single case of or even a trace of contagious pleuro.

W. H. Howland's funeral took place to-day. The body was removed from the Arlington hotel, where his death occurred, to the residence of his father, Sir W. P. Howland. The deceased and his wife were both ardent believers in the faith cure doctrine of Christian Science, and a physician was not called until acute pneumonia had already reached a stage rendering recovery extremely doubtful.

The will of the late Mr. Laflamme gives the whole of his assets, including insurance, etc., to his wife for the benefit of his four children. The estate is valued at about $50,000.

A heavy snow fall delayed all the railway trains near Montreal two or three hours.

Government Detective Greer is looking up evidence in the case of Roger Allen, mysteriously murdered at St. Thomas on the night of November 27.

Rev. Dr. Wild said during a lecture in Kingston that he believed in Mr. McCarthy's platform, but he added that if he went to extremes he would have to step out.

The arrest for fraud of President Kieran and Treasurer Stewart of the Toronto Shingle Company has caused a sensation in business circles. It is alleged by a Toronto paper that they swindled banks, tradesmen and farmers to the extent of over $200,000, and that its president and manager hypothecated with the banks thousands of cords of wood it did not own. The liabilities were found to be over a quarter of a million. When the company failed they owed the Bank of Toronto $200,000, but the bank is secured for a portion of the amount.

The Ontario Fruit Growers' association, in annual session, has adopted a resolution strongly objecting to the Canadian-French treaty, declaring that if it is ratified it will destroy the grape industry. A committee was appointed to interview the members of the cabinet on the matter.

An agitation is being worked up on the part of umbrella manufacturers to have the duty removed from steel tubes which are used for the handles of umbrellas. At present a duty of 20 per cent. is levied on the tubes, which the manufacturers claim cannot be made in Canada, and should be allowed to come into the country free. There are five umbrella manufacturers in Canada, and the complaint is that all the materials used in the manufacture of umbrellas is so heavily taxed that they cannot compete with foreign makers. J. H. Jacobs, of Ottawa, representing the manufacturers, had an interview with Clarke Wallace. The latter stated that he would bring the matter before his colleagues, in anticipation of any changes that might be made in the tariff.

The Liberals of North Norfolk have nominated John Charlton for the commons and E. C. Carpenter for the legislature.

The Patrons of East Northumberland have nominated C. A. Mallory of Warkworth for the commons and J. B. Ewing of Dartford for the legislature.

It is likely that John Heney, ex-alderman, will be the candidate of the Conservative party in Ottawa for the coming election for the Ontario assembly. Heney has declined nomination for the mayoralty.

A man was found frozen to death a mile from the main line of the road between Thedford and Grand Bend. He was found by a trapper. He was about 55. In his pocket was an envelope posted at Woodstock, addressed to Mrs. Elsie Tucker, Carrier Crossing, Ont., and another posted at Ingersoll, addressed to James Moulton, of Verchayle, Ont.

PERSONAL.

J. Anderson is over from Portland.
R. J. Scott returned from the Sound this morning.
Dr. Milne returned from the Mainland last evening.
Robert Ward returned from the Mainland last evening.
J. D. Prentice, of Chilcotin, is registered at the Driard.
T. E. and E. B. Ladner, of Ladner's Landing, are at the Driard.
T. A. Graham, of the Southern Pacific, left for the south this morning.
R. Hamilton, of Vancouver, and R. Illery, Westminster, are at the Oriental.
J. W. Hanna, manager of the Tacoma and Seattle Opera Houses, is at the Driard.
F. J. Armstrong, secretary of the Upper Columbia Navigation and Transportation Co., is at the Driard.
E. L. Harrison, traveling auditor of the N.P.R., was a passenger outward by the Kingston this morning.
Rev. W. D. Barber left for Vancouver this morning. He preaches in St. Paul's Church, Vancouver, to-morrow.
Dr. H. D. Leitch returned home last evening after a prolonged visit to Vancouver. He had charge of Dr. Carroll's practice while the latter was travelling in the east.

"When your heart is bad, and your head is bad, and you are bad clean through, what is needed?" asked a Sunday-school teacher of her class. "I know—Ayer's Sarsaparilla," spoke up a little girl, whose mother had recently been restored to health by that medicine.

Parfumerie Ed. Pinaud Paris,

Lilas de France Extract
" " Toilet Water
Arora Tulip Extract
Brisa del Monte Extract,
Parma Violet Toilet Water.

Cochrane & Munn,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Frank Daniels will be here December 21st.

—Uniform rank will this evening pay a visit to Victoria lodge.

—A meeting of the trustees of the Victoria Chemical Co. will be held on the 23rd inst.

—A fine line of Sheffield carvers in cases just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—If you want an inexpensive but pretty Xmas gift for your friend call at Weiler Bros.' *

—The Calhoun opera company will be at the Victoria theatre January 30, 31 and February 1.

—Rev. O. B. Read of California is conducting evangelistic services in Calvary Baptist church.

—The steamer City of Kingston will to-morrow morning bring over ten carloads of flour for shipment by the Arawa to Australia.

—The steamer Umatilla arrived from San Francisco at 7 this morning. Fifty-one passengers and 162 tons of freight were landed at Victoria.

—The Paragon Oil Co. complain that they have to pay more duty on the Paragon oil than on Pratt's Astral oil, because the Paragon oil is a much finer test and quality. *

—The case against Mitchell was again up in the police court this morning. Further evidence was taken. Mr. Belyea reserved his defence. Mitchell was committed to stand his trial.

—Bishop Perrin formally opened St. Saviour's new school room last night. There was a good programme of music. The school room is behind the church on Henry street, cost $600 and will accommodate 500.

—Ald. Belyea has two notices of motion on the city hall bulletin board. One is to offer Richard Morrison $100 for a piece of land to be used in widening Oak Bay avenue and the other to expropriate the same piece of land.

—A meeting of the teachers' institute will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2. The limit tables at present in use will be discussed. Miss Russell will have a class present to illustrate her way of teaching notation and numeration.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian church, Cedar Hill, will hold a sale of work at the school house on Friday afternoon and evening. Their goods will be offered at low prices. A social will be held in the evening. Admission free.

—The sealing schooner Enterprise left this morning for the North Pacific. She is the first sealing schooner to clear from Victoria, is provisioned for a nine months' voyage and carries 24 men. The Umbrina will be the next to get away. She leaves Saturday, going straight to Yokohama. The Umbrina has a crew of 23 and nine months' provisions.

—The sale of work by the Ladies' Aid Society yesterday at the First Presbyterian church school room was well patronized. The amount realized was $226, which pays off the balance of a floating debt which six weeks ago was over $800. Towards the liquidation of this debt the congregation gave a special Sunday collection. The choir gave $100 and the Y. P. S. C. E. Endeavor $50.

—The Victoria Choral Society, recently organized, has elected Mr. W. E. Buck conductor. A committee was appointed to select music and further the interests of the society generally. The committee consists of Mrs. Harris, Miss Heathfield, Messrs. Greig, Jay, White, Buck and Day. The membership will be limited to 100, every one of whom must possess musical ability. The "Erl King's Daughter" will be presented early in January by the society.

—The booths at the bazaar held yesterday by the Willing Workers of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church were presided over by the following ladies: Ladies' Aid fancy table, Mrs. Schroeder and Mrs. Whitelaw; girls' fancy table, Misses May Johns Fraser and Agnes Webster; flower table, Misses S. Spring, Agnes Russell, Wolley and McFarland; candy table, Misses Annie Murray and Flo. Watson; fancy table No. 3, Misses Wyatt and Cathcart. A concert was held in the evening.

—A large audience listened to the concert in the Metropolitan church last night. The concert was under the management of W. E. Buck. A contralto solo and chorus by the choir, "Hark, Hark My Soul," was a very fine piece of work. "The Valley of Shadows" was rendered by W. E. Buck. In the "Gypsies Laughing Song" Mrs. Harris, Miss Jameson and Mr. Buck were much applauded. Mr. Brown sang "The Wonders of the Deep" in good style, and Mr. Wolff received an encore for his rendition of "The Elegie."

—The Chenille curtains have arrived at Weiler Bros.' *

—The best perfume—attar of roses in tubes. At Bowes', 27 Johnson st. *

—Candle shades, lamp shades, frames for lamp shades, etc., at Weiler Bros.' *

—The steamer Premier will leave inner wharf at midnight and from outer wharf at 2 o'clock to-morrow morning.

—Joshua Davies will sell by auction, to-morrow at 11 a. m., at 82 Belleville street, the household furniture of A. B. Gray's house.

—Riley Robbins, John Davis and David Craigie are in the police station charged with the theft of six ducks and three geese from Mrs. Bayles.

—A specialty of the bazaar held in Philharmonic Hall last evening was a boy's table. Everything on the table was made by boys, and the boys did the selling.

—In commission. Lange & Co., jewelers, Douglas street, have just received a fine assortment of goods for the holidays, for which they are asking very low prices, so as to dispose of them by the first of January. *

—The schooner Winnifred, seized in Behring Sea, and recently ordered released by the United States authorities, has been handed over to Captain Pinkney by the marshal at Sitka. She is expected at Victoria shortly.

—George Van Horst was arrested this afternoon charged with the theft of a box of oranges from Antoine Sarantis. Van Horst will appear in the police court Friday morning. He was there a short time ago.

—Thomas Lewis, Edward Humphreys and John Lawson were this morning committed to stand trial by Magistrate Macrae. They were convicted on the double charge of stealing a quantity of household goods from the house of Mr. Cavin on the Burnside road, and from the house of John Coigdarippe. Most of the booty was produced in court. They are suspected of other robberies.

—The steamer City of Topeka arrived at Seattle yesterday from Alaska. The weather in Juneau and Sitka has been rather cold, between two and three degrees below zero. The Alaska-Treadwell Gold Mining company of Douglas Island, Alaska, paid a quarterly dividend of 37 1-2 cents a share, or $75,000 in October. There was an explosion at the mine a short time ago, but little damage was done.

—The programme for the charity concert to be given this evening by the Y. L. I. in Institute Hall follows:

Selection ..... Bantly family.
Song (comic) "The Cat Came Back" F. Schi.
Song. "The Idol of My Heart." Miss Goddyn
Recitation (by request). "The Frenchman," Mr. Allen.
Song..... "True Till Death."..... Gatty
Mr. Clement Rowlands.
Harp solo. Selection from Verdi, Miss Styles
Duet..."The Maybells and the Flowers."..
Mrs. Janion and Miss Rhodes.
Song....."The Clang of the Hammer, ...
Mr. J. G. Brown.
Song....."Fior di Margharita,"....Arditi
Miss Sharpe.
Tableau...A "Gipsy Life." In two scenes....
Song....."The Gift"..... Behrend
Mrs. C. Rowlands.
Song....."The Rhine Maiden,"..... Smart.
Mr. E. H. Russell.
Song....."The Blind Girl to Her Harp,"....
Mrs. J. A. Teporten.
Gipsy song (in costume).....Miss O'Neil
Quartette. "There Was an Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe," Mrs. Janion, Mrs. Rowlands, Messrs. Shedden & Rowlands.
Tableau.....'The Christian Martyrs."....
Accompanist...Mrs. C. A. Lombard.

Magic Lanterns and Lantern Slides
At Russell & McDonald's.

Marine

Another lot of iron and rails arrived by the Umatilla for the Esquimalt marine railway.

Bark Primero will be ready to sail for London on Saturday with a cargo of salmon. The Candida will sail next week.

Have You Discovered

That Partridge is really giving up the millinery department? If not, for prices just see his window, 86 Yates street. Felt hats, 10 and 25 cents. A fine fur-trimmed hat for 50 cents. Be in time and have first choice.

An Excellent Suggestion.

A lady of Victoria who is always foremost in charitable work, has suggested to Chairman Hayward, of the school board, that before the schools close for the Xmas holidays pupils might be invited to aid the poor and needy by contributions of food and clothing. The plan, which has worked successfully in other places is for each pupil to bring to the school, for each year of the scholar's age, one article. For instance, a girl or boy of six years of age, could contribute six potatoes, or six apples, or six loaves of bread, or any six articles however small, which would be of use in helping the poor. From the thousand or more pupils of the city there would thus be collected a large quantity of food, which would be assorted and either turned over to the charitable institutions or be given direct to those who require assistance. Each individual contribution would be so small that it would not be missed by the giver, while the novelty of the plan would enlist the co-operation of every pupil and ensure its success. Chairman Hayward has expressed approval of the suggestion and will assist in carrying it out, and already the teachers and scholars of James Bay school are moving in the matter. It is probable that the day before closing day will be selected as the best time to carry out this praiseworthy scheme, which has only to be properly explained to the children to be completely successful.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES,"

Mothers and sisters must be remembered at Xmas, and there is nothing so suitable as the "rings, jewels, gauds, conceits," such as Pennock & Lowe, the jewellers, are showing and at such moderate prices.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

FOOT BALL.

VICTORIA V. VANCOUVER.

The team selected to play against Vancouver at the hill on Saturday follow: H. Petticrew, back; J. F. Foulkes, H. B. Haines and A. D. Crease, three-quarter backs; F. Smith and C. W. Ward, half backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain), L. Crease, W. H. Langley, J. Fraser, Q. H. Warden, F. Wollaston, E. A. C. Gibson, D. O'Sullivan and W. Scott, forwards.

THE TURF.

SETTING THEMSELVES RIGHT.

St. Louis, Dec. 14.—A large number of horse breeders from different parts of this state assembled in the exposition building to-day for the purpose of organizing a Missouri Horse Breeders' Association. The object of the proposed organization is to preserve the purity of breeds and to promote unity and harmony among owners. The movement is in opposition to the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association, under the auspices of which all previous sales of blooded stock in this city have been conducted. It is contended that instead of encouraging the live stock interests of the state, the policy of the management of this association has been to discourage horsemen, to depreciate in value the property of the breeder, with the result of wrongfully associating him with the gambler and in the public estimation as a common thief, and to brand the king of beasts as a mere tool for vice and fraud.

FAREWELL, NANCY HANKS.

Richmond, Ind., Dec. 14.—For the first time since, as a three-year-old, she broke the record for trotters of that age on a half-mile track, Nancy Hanks withdraws from the public gaze. She is already domiciled at her owner's farm in Massachusetts, and the announcement has been made that next spring she will be bred to Arion. The turf has seen the last of her. Her winnings, exclusive of several purses for exhibitions in 1891, for which no figures are quoted, reach $61,954.

THE KENNEL.

AMERICAN NATIONAL SHOW.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—The national dog show under the auspices of the Chicago Kennel Club was opened at the Second regiment armory to-day with over 2,000 entries, including some fine specimens of mastiffs, Great Danes, spaniels, pugs and other breeds. The two finest great Danes in the country, Imperator and Melac, are on exhibition.

THE RING.

MITCHELL AND CORBETT.

London, Dec. 14.—"Pony" Moore, father-in-law of Charlie Mitchell, leaves for the United States on January 4th, to witness the fight between Mitchell and Corbett. "He will back Mitchell to the extent of $25,000.

P. Delaney, of New York, and Mike Quilligan, of Australia, last evening signed articles for a boxing match for points to take place on the evening of the 22nd instant at the Pastime Club.

THE CUE.

VICTORIA HANDICAP.

The English billiard tournament takes place at the Hotel Victoria this evening. C. J. Prior, who receives 50, will play Mr. Baillie, who receives 100. The match will commence at 8:30.

WILLING TO PLAY.

Archie Reid is willing to play C. McMinn fifteen ball pool, 100 balls, for any amount from $100 to $500, match to take place after the tournament at the Victoria, the principals to toss for choice of tables. If the match is for $100, Reid will spot McMinn 10 balls, for $200 20 balls, and for $500 30 balls.

ATHLETICS.

FOR SATURDAY NIGHT.

Professor Foster's athletic entertainment, to be held at Philharmonic hall on Saturday evening, promises to draw a full house. The programme will consist of gymnastic exercises, vocal and instrumental selections, friendly boxing contests by amateurs, etc. Clement Rowlands will assist in the vocal part of the programme, and Mr. Sampson will render selections on the mandolin. There will be clever juggling and tumbling by A. Francis, an adept. Mr. Proctor's orchestra has been engaged to provide music.

Thousands of Ten Cent Toys
At Russell & McDonald's.

Notice of Sale.

Until the 23rd instant we shall sell the whole of our immense stock of toys and fancy goods at 25 per cent. below cost. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

Drums and Guns
At Russell & McDonald's.

REQUISITIONS.

To the Editor: There is a practice in vogue here before an election which is a direct violation of the spirit of voting by ballot. I refer to the circulating of a requisition asking a person to become a candidate and promising support. The proper way to treat an individual who has the impertinence to ask a ratepayer to sign such a document is to advise him to mind his own business. It is an unwarrantable interference with the rights of the electorate and the man who circulates, or the candidate who requires or accepts a requisition should be made to understand it as such. It is well known that many people sign a requisition when asked in order to get rid of the person circulating it but afterwards vote just as they please, but why should an elector be subject to the annoyance.

BALLOT.

—Dont forget we have the largest and choicest stock of Wines in the city. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

A FOWL FAIR.

Approaching Chicken Show—Newsboys With a Grievance.

Nanaimo, Dec. 14.—The attention of the citizens at present seems to be centered on the coming poultry show, for which already about 350 entries have been booked. The New V. C. Co. have offered an additional prize of $25 for the best display from breeders on the leased or "Five Acre" block. The show promises to eclipse any event of the kind previously held in the province, and everything is being done by the committee to make the affair attractive.

It is reported the New V. C. Co. will close the Northfield mine at the end of the month unless the miners come to a satisfactory arrangement.

Chicken stealing is becoming quite popular in the district. Wellington appears to be the most troubled, and many roosts have been cleaned out by the thieves; not even the parsons are allowed to keep their chickens. Rev. F. Linton came near catching one thief in the act the other night.

The newsboys employed on the Daily Telegram complain that they are not fairly treated. They say that they entered into a contract to do the work on the route at $1.50 a week, and ask that this agreement be kept, and also that their wages, now due, be paid.

Air Rifles and Toy Guns
At Russell & McDonald's.

Overdue Atlantic Liners.

Halifax, Dec. 14.—The Donaldson line steamer Tritonia from Glasgow, the Beaver liner Lake Winnipeg, from Liverpool, and the Franco-Canadian line steamer Adowa, from Rochelle, are several days overdue at this port. The Allan line steamer Corean, and the Canadian-Newfoundland steamer Ulund, bound for St. Johns, Nfld., and Halifax, are respectively twelve and fourteen days out from Liverpool, and are not yet reported at St. Johns.

—We Carry the choicest Wines in the market. California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

The Long and Short of it is that S. Davis & Sons' Cigars have no equal.

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

Xmas, 1893

Special attention has been given This year to useful goods Eminently suitable

For Presentation

The latest novelties in silk handkerchiefs, hand bags, purses, etc., etc., etc.

Costumes, black silks, colored silks, etc., etc.

A few pretty things in paletots, jackets, fur capes.

Also a good range of Furs in single garments or sets.

Do not forget that we are the sole agents for the celebrated kid gloves from the factories of Messrs. Perrin Freres et Cie, Grenoble, France.

Our Bretagne 7-hook lace beats the record. Price, $1.25.

All colors, all sizes both in dressed and Suede.

A full line of Gentlemen's Kid Gloves imported from the same makers especially for the holiday trade.

Note—Open each evening during Xmas week until 9 p.m.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

ESTABLISHED 1862. NO. 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices!
AT

C. E. REDFERN'S,

In Sterling Silver Table and Toilet Services, English Oak Table Ware, Dixon's Celebrated Electro Plate, Diamonds, and Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clock's. Imported direct from the English Manufacturers for Cash, and are for Sale at the Lowest Possible Prices.

$$$.....$$.....$$$

What you make by getting your clothes made at J. W. Creighton's. Prices—Overcoats from $25.00 up; Suits from $18.00 up, and Pants from $5.00 up.

No. 86 Government Street.

WINTER TIME TABLE

NATIONAL ELECTRIC TRAMWAY AND LIGHTING COMPANY

20 MINUTE CAR SERVICE.

FORT ST.—5c.—First car leaves the Power House at 6:20 a.m.; Hospital at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 11 p.m.; Hospital at 11:20 p.m.

OAK BAY—5c.—First car leaves Junction at 7:20 a.m.; Oak Bay at 7:30 a.m. Last car leaves Junction at 10 p.m.; Oak Bay at 10:30 p.m.

DOUGLAS ST. AND OUTER WHARF—5c.—First car leaves Tolmie Avenue at 6:35 a.m.; Outer Wharf at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Tolmie Ave. at 10:55 p.m.; Outer Wharf at 11:00 p.m.

SPRING RIDGE AND BEACON HILL—5c.—First car leaves Beacon Hill at 6:50 a.m.; Fernwood at 6:45 a.m. Last car leaves Beacon Hill at 10:20 p.m.; Fernwood at 11:18 p.m.

ESQUIMALT—10c.—First car leaves Power House at 7:00 a.m.; Campbell's Corner at 7:30 a.m.; Esquimalt at 7:35 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 10:40 p.m.; Campbell's Corner at 10:30 p.m.; Esquimalt at 11:05 p.m.

F. W. McCRADY, Sup't.

Our Christmas Fruit Arrived

Extra Selected Clusters,
Fine Valencias, . . .
Sultanas, ...
Finest Currant, . . .
Candied Peel, Etc., Etc.

Full Assortment of Xmas Goods at Very Lowest Prices.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Mortgagee's Sale of Schooner.

Tenders for the purchase of the.

SEALING SCHOONER "VICTORIA"

Her boats, guns and appurtenances, will be received up to the 20th inst at the office of Thomas Earle, Wharf Street, where full particulars can be obtained. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. dec5-td.

Victoria Building Society

The 36th Drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, opposite View,

ON THURSDAY, 14th DEC., 1893, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.
By order.
A. St. G. FLINT, Secr'y.

A few shares on hand which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 18 Broad St., opposite Driard. d9.

Why Worry?

Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. HOLTE & CO.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

Health

Wealth

Wisdom

You promote the first,
Secure the second,
And prove that you already
Possess the last by
Ordering your Christmas
Supplies from

Saunders'

THE Grocery Store
Of British Columbia.

ARRIVED—
New Grass Australian Butter.
Delicious! Try it

Nos. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

THE LONDON "ZOO."

Some Figures Relating to the Cost of the Establishment.

Those whose custom it is to buy paper packets of broken bread and buns, duly labeled "food for the animals," at the refreshment stalls, or who know from experience that there is hardly any creature there, from the hippopotamus to the smallest monkey, which disdains to eat a raisin, will be astonished at the quantity and variety of solid nutriment which has to be provided yearly for the 650 "beasts," 1301 birds, and 4366 reptiles; though those more conversant with the powers of consumption of "stock" in an ordinary farmyard would hesitate to take a feeding contract at a lower figure.

The year's cost for provisions consumed in the gardens is a little under £4000—105 loads of clover, 153 loads of meadow hay, 1340 quarters of oats, and 340 quarters of bran may be put down roughly as the quantity of vegetable food required for the antelopes, elephants, zebras and wild sheep.

Bread and milk are almost as safe a diet for most animals as for human beings; and 5000 quarterns of bread and 6000 quarts of milk represent the quantity of this wholesome food consumed at the Zoo. Most of the insect-eating birds, many monkeys, and certain snakes and lizards are egg-eaters, and 19,000 eggs probably account for twice that number of breakfasts supplied to the smaller occupants of the houses. The large carnivora of which the collection contain so many and such fine examples, require stronger food and are not stinted in their supply. The figures in this case suggest some interesting reflections on the ravages said to be due to wild beasts among flocks and game.

No doubt these creatures, notably wolves and wild dogs, occasionally destroy more than they require to satisfy their hunger. But usually a lion or a tiger kills one animal, and feeds upon it as long as it lasts, and after it kills another victim, and no more. The total of carcasses eaten by all the lions, tigers, bears, hyenas, wolves, leopards and other large carnivora in the gardens during the year amounts to 239 horses and 152 goats. If the number consumed in captivity bears any proportion to the loss of cattle caused by these creatures when wild the reports of natives must be much exaggerated.

The fishmonger's bill is naturally a heavy one, when not only seals, otters and sea lions, which will eat nothing else, but also numbers of piscivorous birds, and even the polar bears, have to be provided with fresh flounders, whiting and conger eels daily—36,000 pounds of whiting, 10,000 pounds of "rough fish," 630 quarts of shrimps and 2000 pounds of flounders were consumed by the seals and other aquatic creatures. The live gudgeons, whose pursuit and capture form the daily excitements of the penguins in their glass-fronted tank, do not appear in the list of food provided, any more than the army of mice and rats, and dozens of live frogs, which frolic behind the scenes in the snake house.

Unhonored in their lives, their deaths are unrecorded, or figure darkly among "miscellaneous expenses." The fact is, that the rearing of tame mice and rats, and the capture and purveyance of live frogs, is an interesting and unexplored side industry of London life. Breeding mice and white rats is an easy and lucrative addition to small incomes, carried on in back rooms and attics. The frogs, which are genuine wild animals, are captured by special emissaries employed by the "dealers," who go round to the mouse farms and froggeries and collect the creatures, just as the poultry men make their rounds to country farms and cottages. The Zoo is by no means the largest customer to the trade, which relies mainly on the "biologists" for its steady demand.

Fruit is almost as necessary as fish at all seasons in the gardens, and no visitor can have failed to notice the daintily arranged "dessert" of sliced bananas, grapes, dates and apples which is served up to the rarer monkeys and fruit-eating birds. Thirteen thousand oranges, 2000 pounds of grapes, 1200 pounds of dates and 1200 pounds of raisins and currants represent the fruiter's bill; the green grocer comes last with 2641 bunches of tares, 4500 bunches of greens and 2000 bunches of cress. Cherries, onions, melons, marrows, bananas and figs vary the bill of fare, we may close with the solid item of 139 cwt. of carrots and two tons of ground nuts.

To provide for the welfare of its animal pensioners, its works and repairs, its gardens, and to assist in the valuable scientific inquiries into animal structure carried out in the prosector's department, the society employs, under the direction of the superintendent and his assistant, a head keeper, twenty-two keepers, a prosector's assistant, clerks, a head gardener, 23 helpers in the menagerie, twelve gardeners, artisans, firemen, messengers and a butcher—in all nearly 100 persons.

At the society's rooms in Hanover Square, the publication of the Zoological Record, containing a complete summary of all the zoological inquiries of the year throughout the world, costs annually about £450. The last and not the least interesting item in the list of expenditure is that of £843 19s. 6d. for the cost and carriage of animals, £500 of which represents the money paid for the young hippopotamus, whose comfortable figure and complacent demeanor have been not the least attraction of the gardens.

Twenty-three thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight pounds has been the total cost of the Zoo for the year. This is covered by receipts of £25,808. The form in which these moneys were received is perhaps less unusual than the items of expenditure; our it includes one considerable source of income which would scarcely be expected. Farmers rides on the elephants and camels reach the respectable sum of 3606 17s. 4d., a sum which seems nearly constant in the recent annual records of the Zoo.

Admissions to the gardens reached £134,981, an increase of £272 over last year; and the subscriptions of Fellows of the Society amount to over £9000, which represents roughly the sum it which the public, after paying their entrance fees, are indebted to the society. Lastly, the assets at Regents' Park and in the offices at Hanover Square are valued at £70,000, including one estimate of £21,542 for the animals in the menagerie, and another of £15,000 for the unrivalled library of zology owned by the society.—London Spectator.

The Walls of Jerusalem.

As we leave this ill-famed ravine and turn toward the east, the lofty wall of Jerusalem and the massive towers of the citadel are immediately before us. We are on the outer slope of Mount Zion the sanctuary and the abode of David. The ponderous blocks which form the lower strata of the wall have been shaped and put in place by some prehistoric race of giants. More than almost anything else to be found about Jerusalem, or within, this wall bears an appearance of great antiquity. We can easily believe that its foundations were laid in the time of David, though its upper portions are unquestionably modern. The books vary. One says it was the work of Sultan Suleman in the sixteenth century; another that it was erected much earlier, and my guide, a most intelligent and well informed Jew of Hungarian origin, told met aht it was built by the Crusaders after they had got possession, for the purpose of protecting the inhabitants against the rascally Arabs, who would ride up in small parties, rob some rich family, and be off with their plunder before anything could be done to stop them. But, however this may be, the wall, from sixteen to twenty feet in height, fully encloses the town, and although it could soon be knocked down by a ten-pounder cannon, it stands in good order, solid enough for all peaceful purposes, and perfectly separates the city from the surrounding country.—Charles A. Dana.

Some Curious Taxes.

There are many peculiar taxes in force in other countries, which may engage the attention of a chancellor of the exchequer in search of—a tax.

The Russian government a few years ago decided to tax kerosene oil and matches, virtually a tax on light. Many can remember the late Lord Sherbrooke's abortive attempt to tax matches in Britain. The match girls, however, proved a match for him, and marched down to the house of commons, a procession of protest. The match tax in France has before now caused a ministerial crisis.

In some parts of China a tax is imposed on all women entering the bonds of matrimony. Travellers to those parts are obliged to take a wife, and when they leave the ladies take fresh husbands, to the benefit of the revenue. Those who follow the advice of the late Adah Isaacs Menken, and "marry young and often" are an acquisition to such a state.

In Servia vanity is taxed in the shape of ladies' bustles.

In Melbourne Christmas cards are taxed 1-5th per cent. Christmas, New Year's, Easter and birthday cards would doubtless prove an appreciable revenue in Britain.

It has been stated that in Weimar the authorities levied a duty on musical parties. The regulations are not given, but doubtless solos, duets, trios and quartettes are subject to proportionate rates. Violins, cornets and Mr. Ledbury's favorite instrument—the flute—should incur special charges. Quite lately an annual tax of ten francs has been imposed on pianos in France.

Music has paid tribute to taxation in other ways. A musical troupe recently crossing the frontier of Saxony carried with them a crown of laurels awarded them at a triumphal performance. The custom house officials taxed the laurels as spice. Massenet, the composer, it is stated, was also charged a duty on a crown of laurels on the German frontier. In his case the wreath of fame was deemed to be woven of medicinal plants. In Montreal organ grinders pay a license of twenty dollars, and are only allowed to play at stated times. In Vienna they are also licensed and regulated as to hours. In France a certificate of character, a distinctive badge and limitation of hours is insisted on. No licenses for street musicians have been issued for nine years in Germany.

In St. Petersburg no out-door musical performances are permitted, but in romantic Italy there is a very practical regulation excluding those under eighteen years of age from the privilege of a license. In New York wandering minstrels contribute to the revenue one dollar each, and are prohibited from playing within a certain distance of specified buildings and dwellings, and outside fixed hours. Barrel-music in the open is not allowed to exist in sunny Spain, but "gaily the troubadour twangs his guitar," for which, however, a license is required.

The state finances in Russia are recruited by a graduated income tax, commencing at one per cent. on incomes between 1,000 and 2,000 roubles a rouble equals 3s. 2d.), and increasing at the rate of 1-10th per cent. on every additional 1,000 or fraction of 1,000 roubles.

A duty of a quarter kopeck (about 1-10th of a penny) is also imposed on the eggs of all kinds of poultry, which tax on food realizes several millions of roubles.

Cycles are subject to a tax of eight shillings in France, and of a similar amount in Brabant.

Great Writers as Readers.

Coleridge, while at school, read through the entire catalogue of books in a neighboring library, folios and all, at his own hazard as to whether he understood them or not, "running all risks in skulking out the two volumes which I was entitled to have daily." With this passion for knowledge, therefore, it is hardly surprising that before his 15th year he had bewildered himself in metaphysics and in geological controversy. With regard to Lord Byron while at Dulwich, Dr. Glennie tells us the future poet had found among other books open to him a set of British poets from Chaucer to Churchill, "which I am almost tempted to say he had more than once perused from beginning to end." At a later period Byron himself says: "I read eating, read in bed, read when no one else reads." Keats devoured all the books of history, travel and fiction in his school library, and was forever borrowing more. "In my mind's eye," says his schoolfellow, Mr. Cowden Clarke, "I now see him at supper, sitting back on the form from the table holding the folio volume of Burnets' 'History of His Own Time,' between himself and the table, eating his meal from beyond it." Henry Hallam read many books when 4 years old, and composed sonnets at 10. Lord Macaulay, before he was 15, in writing to his mother, recommends her (perhaps somewhat to her astonishment)—to read Boccacio—at least in Dryden's metrical version—and goes on to compare his merits with those of Chaucer, to whom he "infinitely prefers him."

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. tuthw

Clark Russell and His Novels.

In the English Illustrated Raymond Blathwayt gives an interesting account of how Clark Russell is able to write the sea novels. Forced by rheumatism to keep much on the sofa, he dictates all his novels, finding indeed that he can work better so than if he was to write them with his own hand.

"I close my eyes, I realize intensely the whole scene, I see it as in a magic lantern, I can dramatize the whole thing."

He never puts pen to paper till all is carefully planned and mapped out in large lines.

There is first a general plot of the story, the dates of which are most accurately thought out; then come the dramatis personae, the name of the vessel, the number and names of the crew, the passengers, with their general characteristics limned out.

"I generally choose some one I have observed with attention, who acts as a lay figure right through, and so I do not lose his personality."

And again, no locale is ever imaginary in Mr. Clark Russell's books.

"Even in writing of the most minute island," he said to me, "I always have an admiralty chart of that island right at my side, so that I may be exact in my bearings and soundings."

Then the ship itself; it is not only accurately described—its tonnage, its cargo, its berthing, but there are numerous sketches of it which place it before Mr. Russell's eyes exactly as he imagines it, and so he is enabled to pace the deck, to go below, to dine with the captain aft, to go forward to the men's mess; almost as though he were actually on board the ship itself. There are in addition references to well-known books of travel in which well-authenticated incidents are recorded, to official journals, to anything in fact that may be of use.

Hues of the Earth.

The wonderful difference between the same landscape in winter and in summer is a phenomenon familiar to all dwellers in the temperate zones. The two great elements of changes are the presence of snow in winter and the leaves and grass in summer. If we could look at our globe from the moon, says a writer in Youths' Companion, the variation in its aspect due to seasonable changes would perhaps be even more striking than it appears to those upon its surface.

In fact, we sometimes lose sight of the very important part which vegetation plays in giving color to what might be called the countenance of the planet.

It is not the higher forms of plants that always produce the greatest effect in this way. Some of the most striking scenes upon earth owe their characteristic features to mosses and lichens. The famous "crimson cliffs" of Greenland, which extend for miles northward from Cape York, derive their splendid color from the growth of red lichen which covers their faces.

The cliffs rise between 1,700 and 2,000 feet straight from the water's edge, and being composed of gray granite their aspect would be entirely different from what it is but for the presence of the lichen.

Coming to less magnificent, but not less beautiful scenery, the rocky pass, called the Golden Gate in the Yellowstone national park, owes its rich color and its name to the yellow lichen covering its lofty walls, and the indescribable hues of the great hot spring terraces arise mainly from the presence of minute plants flourishing in the water that overflows them.

Considered as a whole, the vegetation of a planet may give it a characteristic aspect as viewed from space. Many have thought that the red color of Mars may be due to the existence of red instead of green vegetation there.

That its broad expanses of forest and prairie land causes the earth to reflect a considerable quantity of green light to its neighbors is indicated by the fact that at the time of the new moon a greenish tint has been detected overspreading that part of the lunar surface which is then illuminated only by light from the earth.

Health in Scotch Dances.

Dr. Gordon Stables writes: "'Willie was a wanton wag,' says the old song. Well, I hope I shall not be taken for a wanton wag if I state that the adoption of Scotch dances as a form of exercise at public schools would be productive of much good to the health of the pupils. My stalwart countryman, Professor Blackie, would, I feel sure, back me up in what I say. Scientifically and physiologically considered Scotch dancing—reels and strathspeys combined—is the most perfect of all forms of exercise, because every muscle of the body is brought into play and the mind is exhilarated at the same time. Nearly all other forms of exercise are weak in one point—they do not keep up the interest throughout. An hour a day on the treadmill is exercise after a fashion, but it is not healthful. You may walk every morning to a distant milestone, touch it with your stick, and walk back. Well, you have had muscular movement and fresh air, but the brain has not been rested. At cricket, and at lawn tennis, too, you are standing about doing nothing half the time, and even my favorite pastime, cycling, has its drawbacks and dangers also. There are no English dances, properly speaking, or I might recommend these. How about music. The fiddle would be the best in England; in Scotland the bagpipes or fiddle. Hockey, football, golf and many other Scottish national games are now common on both sides of the border, why not Scottish dancing?"

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure

Who have in vain tried other means of relief should try "Schiffmann's Asthma Cure." No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, as a single trial proves. Send to Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package, but ask your druggist first.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

The Highest Standard of Excellence in Point of Flavor, Nutrition and Digestibility

Has been attained by

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The Public have a positive guarantee that they are getting the best possible form of concentrated nourishment.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co'

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C. July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, has ability to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 5.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington.	No. 3 Passenger Daily.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays.	STATIONS.
	Ar. 12 30 P M	Ar. 5 00 P M	VICTORIA
1	12 35	5 05	SUMMIT
2	12 40	5 10	BURNSIDE
3	12 45	5 15	GORGE
4	12 50	5 20	SWITCH
5	12 55	5 25	HILLSIDE
6	1 00	5 30	QUADRA ST.
7	1 05	5 35	CEDAR HILL X RD.
8	1 10	5 40	SHAWNIGAN LAKE
9	1 15	5 45	COBBLE HILL
10	1 20	5 50	MALAHAT
13	1 35	6 05	DUNCANS
17	1 50	6 20	SAMPSONS
19	1 56	6 26	KOKSILAH
22	2 06	6 36	GLENORA
25	2 16	6 46	COBBLE HILL
28	2 26	6 56	MERIDIAN
32	2 36	7 06	CHEMAINUS
38	2 51	7 21	WHITEPLAINS
43	Lv. 3 05	Lv. 7 35	QUAMICHAN
46	3 15	7 45	COBBLE HILL
50	3 25	7 55	MAPLE BAY
53	3 35	8 05	DUNCANS
57	3 45	8 15	SALT SPRING
61	3 55	8 25	SOUTH SHORE
64	4 05	8 35	CHASE RIVER
67	4 15	8 45	NANAIMO
70	Ar. 4 25	Ar. 8 55	WELLINGTON
	Lv. 4 30	Lv. 9 00	NANAIMO
	Ar. 6 30	Ar. 11 00	WELLINGTON

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.
	Lv. 8 00 A M	Lv. 2 00 P M
1	8 04	2 04
2	8 08	2 08
3	8 12	2 12
4	8 16	2 16
5	8 20	2 20
6	8 24	2 24
7	8 28	2 28
8	8 32	2 32
9	8 36	2 36
10	8 40	2 40
13	8 51	2 51
17	9 06	3 06
19	9 12	3 12
22	9 22	3 22
25	9 32	3 32
28	9 42	3 42
32	9 52	3 52
38	10 07	4 07
43	Ar. 10 20	Ar. 4 20
46	10 30	4 30
50	10 40	4 40
53	10 50	4 50
57	11 00	5 00
61	11 10	5 10
64	11 20	5 20
67	11 30	5 30
70	Ar. 11 35	Ar. 5 35
	Lv. 1 35 P M	Lv. 8 00
	Ar. 3 35 P M	Ar. 10 00

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock p.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luin Island, Sunday at 10 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

Walla Walla - - Dec. 15

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R.M.S. Empress of China sails for Hong Kong via Yokahama Dec. 11th.

R.M.S. Arawa for Australian ports via Honolulu Dec. 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented.

For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Steamship Co'y.

In connection with

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN AND CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria .....Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma .....Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul .....Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria .....Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma .....April 4th
Steamship Mogul .....April 25th
Steamship Victoria .....May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria.
Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

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The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. R. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

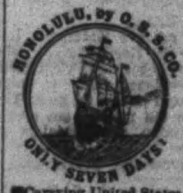
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply, on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 36 Store street.



The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, December 23, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa.....Thursday, 11th Jan., at 2 p.m., Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mail.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

Great Northern Railway

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Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars with all modern conveniences daily.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasio, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. HATTRAY, General Agent, Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

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Christmas Goods

GIVE SOMETHING USEFUL FOR A PRESENT—Fine Neckties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Mufflers, Fine Hats, Fancy Braces (1 pr. in box), Cuff Studs, Collar Buttons, Scarf Pins, Fine Linen Handkerchiefs (1 doz. in fancy boxes), Fine Kid Gloves, Gents' Dogskin Gloves, Fine Underwear and Top Shirts, Derby Ties, Windsor Ties, Four-in-hand Ties, Knot Ties. A large consignment of above goods just to hand. See show window.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

Xmas Presents

STOOD BY RETRENCHMENT.

School Board Refuses to Restore the Salaries Reduced.

THOSE WHO CAN VOTE FOR TRUSTEES

Point Raised That Under the Act All the Ratepayers and Electors Are Disqualified—Attorney General Will Pass on It—Three Resignations.

All the school trustees were at last night's meeting of the school board, over which Chairman Hayward presided. A large amount of business was dispatched.

The board accepted an invitation to attend the High school examinations and granted permission to the principal to have invitations printed. An invitation to the closing exercises of the Central school was also accepted.

Miss S. A. Robinson was granted 12 days' leave of absence in January, and Miss Horten four weeks after the first of the year.

Miss Julia Bradley of the James Bay school, Miss F. A. Smith of Spring Ridge and Miss Northcote of Victoria West presented their resignations. They were accepted with regret.

Fifteen applications for positions in the department were filed. So was one for a place as janitor.

The chairman said the committee having the insurance in hand were preparing a list and would divide it up on an equitable basis. An application on the subject was referred to the same committee.

W. Ridgway Wilson, architect of the North Ward school, wrote saying he had received an offer from Alenzo Hull of Seattle for slate blackboards for the building for $525.

Trustee Lovell read an article from the Educational Journal holding that slate blackboards were injurious to the eye. He said the question should be considered.

Trustee Saunders said there was no doubt about the superiority of slate, and Trustee Marchant was of the opinion that the question had once been settled. The architects were instructed to order the slate from Mr. Hull.

Thomas Watson presented a tender of $120 for wiring the North ward school.

Trustee Lovell was opposed to putting in lights, as there was no need for them.

Trustee Marchant regarded the schools as proper places for public meetings, especially on civic matters, and wanted the lights put in.

Trustee Yates did not want the idea of having schools open to public meetings to grow, but still the building should be lighted.

At the suggestion of Trustee Saunders the matter was left for the architect to look into and call for bids.

Muirhead & Mann wrote asking for partial payment on their contract of $2,700 for school desks. The work, they wrote, was well under way.

Trustee Bishop said the goods were in the hands of Muirhead & Mann and wanted to know how the board was to be secured for any loss.

Trustee Marchant said it was proper to allow the contractors some money, but would like to see a bond required.

On motion of Trustee Saunders it was decided to vote them $600, the firm to supply a bond satisfactory to Chairman Hayward and Trustee Bishop, a committee named for the purpose.

The school report for November was as follows: Average daily attendance, 1,621.84; average actual attendance, 1,603.17; total number enrolled, 1,903.03; average per teacher, 45.3.

Bills amounting to $650 were referred to the finance committee.

It was stated that out of the loan there would be $2,600 left without considering the vote at the present meeting for slates, and the insurance had to be considered.

Trustee Yates said he did not see why the salaries of the lady teachers had been cut down at the recent period of economy and retrenchment. Their work was just as good, and they wanted the highest possible standard of service from the teachers. He therefore moved that the lady teachers' salaries be restored where there had been reductions.

Trustee Bishop said the monitors should also receive consideration. The sum of $30 a month was not money enough.

Trustee Marchant raised the point that a notice of motion was necessary, and also made the suggestion that it was rather late in the year to act.

In answer to a query from Trustee Saunders Secretary Williams said the extra expenditure would amount to $60 a month.

Trustee Yates said there were men in the service who were not paid enough and the board was encouraging pauperism.

Trustee Marchant was opposed to the resolution. In some instances which the resolution would affect very fair salaries were already being paid. He did not believe the board was mean with monitors; on the contrary they were liberal with them. He did not believe the lady teachers should be paid as much as the men. They were employers and should consider these matters.

Trustee Lovell said salaries compared favorably with those paid in the east.

Trustee Saunders said it might be well to leave the matter over until next year.

Trustees Yates and Bishop held that the lady teachers were entitled to the same pay as gentlemen if they were as competent and did their work satisfactorily. The motion was lost by a vote of 3 to 2.

A special meeting will be held on Dec. 27th to name teachers for the vacancies caused by resignations.

Trustee Marchant presented a resolution setting forth that the Victoria West school was overcrowded and that a number of children from outside the city limits were in attendance, and resolving that the board form a committee of the whole and call upon the minister of education to secure an allowance for the care of the pupils. In explanation he said that there were at least 30 children.

Trustee Bishop said the withdrawal of all the pupils outside of the district would not make any change in the number of teachers. He, however, knew the necessity for more room. He believed the matter should be left for the new board.

Trustee Marchant said the question had to be given consideration and he simply wanted to have the board armed with facts. The motion received no second, but the trustee said he would bring the matter up again.

The chairman brought up a peculiar question. In the qualification of voters for school trustees the act provided that they must be qualified to vote for mayor and have paid the revenue tax. The revenue tax act provided that the tax must be paid by Jan. 2nd. According to that no one would be qualified to vote. Trustee Yates agreed with him.

Trustee Marchant believed that all whose names were on the voters' list could vote.

Trustees Marchant and Yates and Chairman Hayward will consult the attorney-general on the point.

The secretary will call in all bills before Dec. 26th.

Interior Intelligence.

Trout Lake City, Nov. 25.—The news has just reached us from a reliable source that Messrs. Hanfield and Greenless have disposed of a one-fifth interest in the Black Prince for the sum of $5,000 in cash. While this amount is far below the actual value of a fifth share of the property, we congratulate Messrs. Hanfield & Co. on the trade. The ease with which experienced mining men are induced to pay cash money for shares is the best possible advertisement for the district. It is expected that early in the coming spring several more claims will be developed and placed upon the market.

The Browns report that they are taking out gold every day, notwithstanding the severity of the weather, which renders sluicing extremely difficult.

The weather continues bright, and although the snow is 30 inches deep on the flat it is not difficult to get about.

The pack train has apparently been in for the last time and no mail has reached us for upwards of two weeks.

Marten trapping has, so far, proved a failure this fall. The animals appear to be running entirely beneath the snow.

An entertainment and fancy ball is announced for the night of Nov. 30th.

The principal news is the absence of it.

PILOTAGE MATTERS.

To the Editor: At the last meeting of the executive committee of the British Columbia Board of Trade Mr. Robert Ward again took up the question of pilotage and suggested the amalgamation of all the pilot boards in the province. The scheme is a good one. I also see that Capt. Gaudin has also been using his good offices to that end. Now I am very much surprised at this, for none should know better than he the utter uselessness of such a proceeding. He knows as well as I do that it was not the intention of the people of Nanaimo or New Westminster when the separation of the districts was effected to ever let Victoria be the central point again if they could help it. Among those were the late Mr. Homer, Arthur Bunster, Capt. Rayman and the late Lieutenant-Governor Nelson, also a number of Nanaimo citizens, foremost among whom were Mark Bate, Eric Peck and John Hurst. All of these have now passed away with one exception, Mr. Bate.

Now, sir, if I may be allowed to express an opinion on the matter, I would suggest that Messrs. Earle and Prior be asked to interview the government on the matter, with a view to having the pilotage act so amended as to be more suitable for the requirements of the province, and to urge on the government the necessity of having the quarantine laws of the country strictly enforced. If this were done all vessels bound to British Columbia from foreign ports would be compelled to report at William Head. This, you will see, would entail their coming to Royal Roads or Esquimalt instead of going first to Puget Sound ports, as has been the case for the last number of years. This would be doing justice to the province at large, and particularly so to Vancouver, Nanaimo and Victoria. Some weeks ago the hon. minister of trade and commerce, Mr. Bowell, went many thousands of miles to try and foster trade between the Dominion and the Australian colonies. While he was here why did not those who had access to him point out the great loss this province is sustaining under the present maritime arrangements?

One serious grievance is that vessels when bound from Californian ports to British Columbia by some defect in the American law, although virtually bound to a British Columbia port, can clear for any port in Washington. In this the owners have a double object; the first is to evade certain dues should they clear for their port of destination direct; the second is partiality for Puget Sound tugs. Of course this makes Puget Sound their ports of call, and means getting all their supplies from there. This in itself is a great loss to the province, when the great number of ships that arrive and depart yearly from the province is considered. So you will see the only course open to remedying this defect is to have the pilotage act amended to suit the requirements of the province, and not to suit sectional jealousies, as it now leaves the way open to do. The quarantine laws should be strictly enforced. Later on I may have something more to say on the present working of the pilotage system as it is now conducted in this province.

D. U.

Dec. 12th, 1893.

This and impure blood is made rich and healthful by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It braces up the nerves and gives renewed strength.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers. If you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

HAMBROUGH'S MURDER.

Trial of Monson Alleged to Have Done the Deed.

London, Dec. 14.—The trial of Alfred J. Monson for the murder of Lieutenant Dudley Cecil Hambrough, at Ardlamont, Argyleshire, in August last, was commenced to-day in the high court of judiciary. The court room was crowded, mainly with members of the aristocracy, and a formidable array of counsel appeared on both sides. The evidence in the case is purely circumstantial, and the high connections of the deceased, together with the mystery surrounding the murder, have tended to make it a cause celebre. The victim was the eldest son of Dudley Hambrough, a millionaire resident of the Isle of Wight, with extensive estates in Yorkshire and other parts of the country, and who is a justice of the peace or magistrate in Hampshire.

In June, 1890, he engaged Monson as guardian and tutor to his son, and the former seems to have speedily managed to exercise a remarkable influence over his charge. He aided him in securing loans from money-lenders and in various other questionable transactions, and finally worked him into a state of mind that resulted in Hambrough's practical alienation from the rest of the family. In the meantime he had secured heavy lines of insurance upon his charge, the policies in every case being in his own favor. Although possessed of but limited means at the time of his engagement as tutor his bank account soon after assumed large dimensions and in August last he blossomed out as a prospective purchaser of the Ardlamont estate, a noted shooting ground a few miles from Rothesay, Buteshire, the leading Scotch seaside resort. He engaged the estate for the shooting season as a temporary arrangement, and in a few days was joined by Lieut. Hambrough.

The two men did considerable shooting together, being attended by a young man named Edward Scott, who was in the employ of the lieutenant. On Aug. 10th the two men with Scott went to the woods for a day's shooting. A few hours later Monson and Scott returned with the body of the lieutenant, who had been shot through the head. At the inquest Monson testified that he heard the report of a rifle and called out to Hambrough asking him what he had bagged. Failing to receive a reply he went toward the place indicated by the report, and found his friend dead with a bullet in his head. He surmised therefor that he had tripped, that the gun had been discharged and that the shot, entering the brain, had caused death. An open verdict was returned and the remains were interred in the family vault at Ventnor, Isle of Wight.

When Monson attempted to collect the heavy insurance on his friend's life, however, suspicions of foul play were felt and an order for the exhumation of the remains was obtained. The post mortem examination developed the fact that the shot that had caused death had entered the back of the head and that it was Monson's gun that had been used. The latter then explained that just before he had changed rifles with the lieutenant. In the meantime the attendant Scott had disappeared and no trace of his whereabouts has since been obtained. Monson was arrested on August 27th, and imprisoned at Inverary, the preliminary examination resulting in his being held for wilful murder. In the meantime the scene of the tragedy had been examined by experts and considerable evidence secured tending to show that death could not have been the result of an accident. The prisoner is about 32 years of age, and a man of aristocratic bearing and fine attainments. The trial will be desperately fought, but the prejudice against the defendant in the neighborhood is strong and a verdict of guilty has already been discounted.

Where the Tea Went.

A Scotch country minister who was a bachelor perceived one day on his return from a visit to a parishioner that his tea chest was empty, although that morning it had been half full. Calling his new lassie, Jennie, the worthy man inquired about the disappearance of the tea.

"Oh, sir, I used it a' the day," answered the girl briskly.

"Used it! How?" exclaimed the reverend gentleman in tones of horror.

"Weel, sir, I had to soop oot the kirk In case I wad mak' an unco mess o' the braw fowk's cushions an' Bibles, I steepit the lot in water an' scattered it ower the floor. Div ye ken, sir, it ser's the purpose jist as weel as the auld maskit stuff!"

By a mighty effort the minister refrained from using an expression unbecoming the cloth.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or coughs, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

Good cigars are now high priced, because of high tariff laws. MASTIFF PLUG CUT is making pipe-smoking popular because it gives more for the money.

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Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

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VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

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To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.

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Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

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The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

NELSON, B. C.

(Mention this paper.)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

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62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

THE MAYORALTY.

To the Electors of Victoria:

I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

28th November, 1893.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

JOHN TEAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n27-td

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, hereby announce that J. WRIGGLESWORTH has been appointed sole agent for the sale of our lime.

ATKINS BROS.
J. RAYMOND.
BODDY & JONES.
SAANICH LIME CO.

n25-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARSHALL HOMICIDE.

Continuation of the Evidence in Court To-Day.

WITNESS FOR THE DEFENCE HEARD

Stroebel's Walk Out With His Sweetheart —A Little Revolver Practice Enjoyed —A Witness the Judge Could Not See the Use Of.

After recess yesterday the Attorney-General concluded the cross-examination of O. B. Ackerman. The witness was asked by the Attorney-General whether he had given instructions to Mr. Morrison to throw aspersions on the character of the witnesses for the prosecution. He replied that he had not instructed counsel but some of the information the latter had received might have come through him.

His Lordship said that this reminded him of a remark made the other day that counsel for the prisoner had with some success followed the same course at New Westminster before another judge who had a reputation for fairness. He had a conversation with Mr. Justice McCreight who informed him that no such wholesale attack on witnesses had been made at New Westminster and that if it had been attempted he would not have allowed it. He wished to refer to a misreport in the Times,—a report which to his mind had been "cooked," the counsel for the prisoner being made a hero. He would also take objection to a portion of the report of Lucas' evidence, respecting which the reporter had seen fit to draw his own conclusions instead of giving the evidence as the witness had given it. It was improper to speak of the "flagrant contradictions" in the evidence of any witness. The report was certainly different from that in the Colonist. The impression made on him by the course followed by the defence was that the witnesses for the crown were afflicted with a moral leprosy which rendered their presence in a court of justice undesirable.

Mr. Morrison said that the witness Carpenter whom he had questioned as to his knowledge of thimble-rigging did not appear as a witness at New Westminster, and it was his intention to call witnesses who would swear that Carpenter pretended to have made a living in that way for some time.

Mr. Lordship said that, whereas in New Westminster only one witness—Lucas—had been assailed, as he had been informed by Mr. Justice McCreight, here about all the witnesses, indeed all with the exception of Hussey and Moresby, had been accused of opium smuggling or thimble-rigging or other equally damaging improprieties. Witness had actually requested him to inform them whether they, as coming from the American side of the line, could not be protected by a British judge. They had made a protest and asked him whether there was any redress for the injury sustained. The Attorney-General had made no attack on the last witness and it was highly improper for counsel, when acting under instructions, to make charges and insinuations of criminality against witnesses. It would not do to rely on vague rumors; counsel must have something more substantial, a copy of an indictment or of a conviction for instance, before there could be any justification for assailing the character of witnesses.

Mr. Morrison said that he must insist that he did not wish to impute criminality to anyone, particularly to the railroad official with whom he was acquainted.

His Lordship stated that the parties themselves might be left to settle that. He then asked the Times reporter whether he was in court on Monday morning. The reporter replied that he was in the morning but not towards evening. He, however, was responsible for the report.

His Lordship—Was the report cooked after it was handed to you?

Reporter—Not at any time.

Messrs. Fell and Morrison repudiated any connection with the alleged "cooking" of the report.

This ended the dispute.

Asa Ackerman, reeve of the municipality of Sumas, sworn: On the night of April 19th, between the hours of 9 and 10, was going to his house which was a quarter of a mile from Marshall's. As he approached his house he heard his own three dogs barking. They stopped when they came out and knew him. Did not hear any other dogs barking. Could have heard Marshall's dog had it been barking. Frank and Elmer Jessup were at his house when he returned. Next morning about 10 o'clock went to see Marshall's body. Stayed there all night until 2 o'clock of the 21st. Saw tracks which he measured and then compared with the size of his own boots. They were not the same size and he said: "That lets me out." This was a common expression around Sumas. Noticed another track which he paid no particular attention to. Marshall was buried by the Odd Fellows, and Stroebel, being an Odd Fellow, assisted at the funeral.

The court then adjourned.

When court reconvened this morning Asa Ackerman was placed on the stand for cross-examination. He was questioned as to when after the tragedy he saw the man known as Old Sleuth. He said that it was noon on the 21st. On the question as to who first called the man referred to Old Sleuth, he first said he thought Blair first used the name and a moment later said Blair had not. He was cautioned by the court. He had never seen the man before. He had heard James Russell and Archie Gooden refer to the man as Old Sleuth, he remembered. He said he was wrong at the first trial in saying that he had never seen Old Sleuth again. He had no intention of lying, and had only recently remembered the circumstance. He denied that he had sought to give the impression that Old Sleuth had "skipped out." His lordship cautioned the witness twice to be more careful in his answers. The witness said he had heard that the crown had secured the attendance of Old Sleuth since the last trial. The attorney-general took the witness over his examination, particularly as to the distance from his house to the places of Marshall and Burns. He said he could have heard Marshall's dog barking had he been outside Burn's house. He denied that he had sought to convey a false impression to the jury by suppressing the fact that he was inside the house and could only have heard from outside the house. He was not of the opinion that he had conveyed the impression. The court remarked that he had certainly given the impression to him that at 9 o'clock he was riding slowly along on a tired horse and could have heard the dog. Instead of that he was in Burns' house until nearly 10 o'clock. On direct examination the witness declined to say what time he left Burns' house.

Elmer Jessop of Chilliwack was the next witness called. He remembered the 19th and 20th of April last. Was residing at Sumas with Asa Ackerman. He knew the deceased, John Marshall. He heard the evidence given by the Messrs. Ackerman as to distances, and corroborated them in it. Mr. Morrison took the witness to the plat and questioned him as to the condition of the roads and trails. The witness showed an anxiety to answer and talk that was amusing, and the examination had to be gone over twice to set everything right. On the evening of April 19th at 6 p.m. he was coming from Sumas to Huntingdon, and was at the point where the Huntingdon road crosses the railway. He saw a stranger pass by. The man was a blonde, rather tall, poorly clad, with a coat on over his shirt and suspenders around his waist. The man asked the time. He did not believe he would know him again. That route was a favorable one for men entering or leaving the country on foot. He was home that evening. He knew the accused. Met him in Sumas three to six weeks before the tragedy. The accused was angry at Eyerley, and they went together to try and catch him. The witness went up the road with accused and left him. He next saw him sitting on a stump. The accused fired two shots in the air in a southerly direction.

On cross-examination the witness said the incident of the discharge of the pistol was three, four or six weeks before the trial. He knew of the trouble between Stroebel and Eyerley. He must have said at the former trial that it "must have been six weeks before." He had no reason now to decrease the time. The attorney-general had laid a good deal of stress on the accuracy of that date in comparing it with Stroebel's evidence at the last trial. He was under guard when Stroebel gave his evidence and had not heard the point. He had heard the attorney-general say that Strobel had fixed the date at six weeks and then changed it to three. He had not particularly made his evidence to fit that of Stroebel. He was not as positive as he was before. He heard the stenographer read in the testimony of Stroebel that he had taken the revolver away from Bartlett three weeks before and had fired it off six weeks before; that the cartridges fired off were the two taken from Bartlett, and also heard the prisoner correct his evidence by saying he had got the two dates mixed. The witness said if he had said six weeks now it would have shown that it was impossible to have fired the cartridges taken from Bartlett and proved Stroebel's testimony false. In explanation the witness said his saying it did not make it so. (Laughter.) The court cautioned him that what he said was very important and that he was on oath. The witness continued that he, Stroebel and another witness had fallen into the error of saying six weeks. He denied having trimmed his sails to meet the evidence of Stroebel. He could not have heard Marshall's dog bark, as he was in the house. He heard their own dogs bark before his Uncle Asa got home. He could no say how long before. The witness admitted swearing at the last trial that the dogs howled and that dogs generally howled when they heard other dogs barking.

At this point, it being 12.30, a recess of an hour was taken.

When the court re-convened at 1:30 the attorney-general resumed the cross-examination of witness Elmer Jesop. The witness was taken to the plat of the county and questioned as to its character. He said he has discovered since first testifying that there was another road. The examination then went into the visit of the jury to the locality and again returned to the former testimony of the witness. Mr. Fell charged the attorney-general with unfairness in not reading the answers in the stenographer's report in their entirety. The court directed that they be read in full.

He remembered seeing D. B. Lucas at Westminster during the assizes and had a talk with him. Lucas wanted to know if he had seen Eyerley and Stroebel since he came down. He wanted to know how they looked. He said Eyerley looked kind of sheepish but Stroebel looked pretty well. Lucas' reply was "that — — — — has too much brass in his face to show guilt." Lucas recognized him, calling him by name. This was before he was on the stand, but gave evidence at the last trial. He had met Lucas before at Sumas City and also at Marshall's the day the body was found. The court questioned the witness relative to the nationality of the man he had seen passing on the track, and as to his evidence regarding his appearance. The witness believed the man described by Mr. Baxter to have been a different one to the man he told of. The witness after considerable questioning said that he had not said the man was a Scotchman this time because he had been laughed at at the former trial.

Constable Miller of Westminster was the next witness. He knew D. B. Lucas. Met him about a year ago. Lucas hailed him near the Holbrook house and told him that he had left the description of some men he wanted at the police station. Lucas took a paper out of his pocket containing a description. The witness told him he had seen it. Lucas told him he was a detective and had been on the force at San Francisco. Being in danger of his life while arresting a man there Lucas said he had shot him. At the trial he was acquitted. The witness had seen Lucas since the last trial.

On cross-examination the witness said he had furnished the above information first to O. B. Ackerman. He had told Mr. Ackerman that Lucas had told him he had shot a man in the discharge of his duty. He would not consider himself guilty of murder under the same circumstances. He had not given such information as would give foundation to the question to Lucas had he murdered the man. He had used the word murder in speaking of the trial. He was sure it was nobody else who had told him Lucas was then after three or four culprits. He did not know of the visit of the marshal of Blaine for four men on a watch robbery. The document left by Lucas should have been filled at the office and should show the date. He had not looked it up or brought it with him. The witness was not prepared to swear that Lucas was wrong when he (Lucas) swore that he had never been in Westminster before May last. It seemed longer than that.

The court stated that there was no proper foundation for the examination, but the attorney-general had not objected.

Frederick Raith of New Westminster: He knew John Marshall. Had seen him once at his own place at Sumas. The witness went there to buy cattle.

The attorney-general objected to the admission of any of the conversation of the deceased, and the court ruled that it was not admissible, saying Marshall was not on trial, and the conversation might as well have been with the king of Germany.

Continuing, the witness said they did not trade. There was considerable stock on the place. He entered by the front gate. There was no one there. This took place a year ago.

The court excused the witness, saying he did not see what he was there for. There was no cross-examination. Mr. Morrison said he would show in due time what the witness was called for.

Elizabeth Bartlett was then called. She lived at Sumas City, and was the daughter of Margaret and Charles Bartlett. She was home on April 19th last, and remembered the announcement of the death of John Marshall. She remembered the Sunday and Tuesday before the death of Marshall. She knew Stroebel and saw him on the Tuesday before. Stroebel lived at her house then. She saw him Tuesday afternoon. She went for a walk with Stroebel. On the way he pulled out a revolver. There were two cartridges in it. He wanted her to shoot. She declined, not caring to. He fired one shot and wanted her to fire the second. She refused again, and then he fired the second shot.

The case was proceeding at the hour of going to press.

Cheap Toys

At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

For Rupert's Land.

London, Dec. 14.—The Society for the Promotion of Christian Knowledge has voted £1000 for church building purposes in the Anglican diocese of Rupert's Land.

Illicit Liquor Dealers Punished.

Montreal, Dec. 14.—Judge Desnoyer sat all day in the police court yesterday, and sentenced Josephine Roye and Laura Millaire each $150 and costs for selling liquor without a license. For allowing liquor to be consumed on his premises Arthur Beaufort, grocer, was fined $150 or three months.

Fought With His Teeth.

Montreal, Dec. 14.—Joseph Chaput is a man of cannibalistic tendencies when intoxicated. He entered the Windsor C. P. R. station last night in a hilarious condition, wanting a train for Albany. There was no train and Joseph still loitered around the station in a suspicious manner and refused to depart when ordered away by Constable Payne. The constable endeavored to arrest him. Then ensued a hard tussle. Chaput fought tooth and nail. He bit a piece out of the finger of the constable, and when another man came to the assistance of the constable Chaput tore three buttons off his coat with his teeth. After a long and severe struggle Chaput was thrown into a sleigh and taken to the police station.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—F J Calef, L T Gierke, E W Wright and wife, W Roberts, C Grant, F Lee, W T Parry, J E Counts, J A Anderson, W Scott, H Smith, W McIntire, C Harman, J H Blome, A Billings, T A White, L H Smith, D Hurley, H J Scott, W Savage, W H McGregs, A J Choquette.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Dr Milne, Ed Ladner, W R Miller, Capt F P Armstrong, F Schwartz, R B Lister, T L Ladner, R Eley, Henry Foster, Robt Ward, Richard Murphy, Mrs Murphy, S Belmore, A S Batchelor, M E Baker, W P Parker, D Mills, S D Prentice, H C Hay; J W Pratt, F R McIntosh, Dr Leitch, C W Johnson, Miss Wilson, F G Wilson, A W H Stimpson, Miss Stimpson, W J Chance, W Sharpe, H Graham, Mrs Graham, H Jones, F Landsberg, Mrs D W Gillies, R Hamilton, Mrs A McArthur, F Dixon, T Drake, M Foley, J Townsend, W Hughes, L Cail, Mrs Cail, L Dawson, Ed Sullivan, H W Meyer, W J Moffat, L D Stein, R Bell.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Order E G Prior & Co, Balfour Guthrie & Co, Dr L Hall, H Bornstein, W H Perry, H Bulbii, Speed Bros, Colbert & W, Vic Brwg Co, E B Marvin, Ross & Leiser, S H E Co, W P Baker, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Order, Oppenheimer Bros, H Saunders, Vic Elec L Co, John Parker, H Saunders, D H Ross & Co, Singer Mfg Co, Vict Plumb Co, J Pettersen, I C Schermerhorn, D H Ross & Co, Vict Iron Wks, E E Blackwood, Vict Iron Wks, T Watson, T J Patton.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, A & W Wilson, Allice & Ault, A F Engelhardt, Clark & Pearson, Canonico Ferdinando, C A Rossi, C Schloss & Co, D H Ross & Co, D J Homann, Esquimalt Marine R. Erskine, Wall & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, H B Co, J & A Cearthue, J H Todd & Son, J Barnsley & Co, J A McCulloch, J B Taylor, John Richards, Langley & o, Marvin & Tilton, Pither & Leiser, P McQuade & Son, P T Johnston & Co, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, S Leiser, Sehl-Hastie-E Co, T N Hibben, Thos Earle, Vale & Brooks, W H Perry, Wilson Bros, Yuen Lung, W A Dyer, F W Foster, W H Keniston, Thos McNeely, Geo Bevelockway, Hirst Bros, L Bernard, Ling Gaila, Otavio Lenfranco, Sanpedro Severino, A L Clements, Baker & Leison, Chas Anderson, C S Philp, McMillan & Hamilton, Winch & Bower, Wells, Fargo & Co.

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A choice assorted case of beautifully dressed..... | DOLLS DOLLS

FANS | Fashionable Feather and other FANS | Fans .....

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Xmas Cards and Booklets

And the opinion is frankly offered by every one who sees them that this year's display is the FINEST we have ever made, which is saying a good deal for

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SCORES TWO POINTS.

Both are telling points and need but little explanation.

FIRST POINT:

The Price.

This always does and always will point in a downward direction.

SECOND POINT:

Here the point is reversed, not once but always

The Quality.

This point is upwards. Would you know the cause?—then call at once and see our stock of

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And Furnishings—Men's and Boys'. The reason will soon be made clear. The only cash house in the city.

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A GOOD CHANCE!

CHEAP LUMBER FOR CASH ONLY.

I have received instructions from the assignees to sell the stock of Hughitt & McIntyre, now in the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, at greatly reduced prices. The stock is too well known for further comment.

S. F. McINTOSH,
Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard.

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Reading Lamps
Hanging Lamps,
Carving Sets

AT McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

SEE THEIR MAJESTIC RANGES

If You Have your cloth bought you can have it made up at R. J. Matthews' at lowest prices. Suits from $13.00; Pants from $2.75. Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. J. MATTHEWS, 101 Douglas St.

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Are you looking for XMAS GIFTS? Well, look no longer. For if you go to

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Builders' Hardware,
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"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

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Carpets

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

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A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

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